

$$\text{UF0: } \tau(0) \oplus 0 = \tau(1) \oplus 1$$

A One-Line Axiomatization of the Birth and Dissolution of Mathematics

Anton Kleschev Alevtinowitch
Independent Cyber Researcher
Moscow, Russia
fynjyk@gmail.com

July 15, 2025

Abstract

We present **UF0**(Unified Foundation 0), a minimal formal system in which the entire edifice of natural-number arithmetic is generated and dissolved by a single equation.

- 0 is the pre-numerical, non-dual point.
- τ is a unary “tear” operator enacting the primal split.
- \oplus is a non-repeating union.

The sole axiom

$$\tau(0) \oplus 0 = \tau(1) \oplus 1$$

simultaneously encodes

1. the birth of mathematics ($0 \rightarrow 1$), and
2. the fundamental duality ($1 \rightarrow 2$),

while collapsing both into identity when $0 = 1 = 2$. No external arithmetic, set theory, or category theory is presupposed. UF0 is therefore the first fully formal, one-sentence foundation that captures both the emergence and the illusoriness of number.

Keywords UF0 foundation · birth of number · cyclic operator · minimal arithmetic · pre-arithmetic · unity equation · τ -calculus

1. Signature

- One type $\mathbb{U} = \{0, 1, 2\}$
- Unary operator $\tau: \mathbb{U} \rightarrow \mathbb{U}$
- Binary operator $\oplus: \mathbb{U} \times \mathbb{U} \rightarrow \mathbb{U}$ defined by

$$a \oplus b := \text{the set } \{a, b\} \text{ with duplicates removed (idempotent union)}$$

2. Axioms

| # | Axiom | Explanation |
|----|---|---|
| A1 | $\tau(0) = 1, \tau(1) = 2, \tau(2) = 0$ | τ cycles the three points |
| A2 | $\tau^3(a) = a$ | τ has order 3 |
| A3 | $\tau(0) \oplus 0 = \tau(1) \oplus 1$ | Unity Equation — birth & mirror in one line |

3. Derivation of Natural Numbers

Define $\text{succ}(n) := \tau(n)$ for $n \in \mathbb{U}$. Iterating τ yields the 3-cycle. Extend to \mathbb{N} via the standard Peano injection

$$\mathbb{N} \hookrightarrow \mathbb{U}^*$$

where \mathbb{U}^* is the Kleene closure under τ .

4. Dissolution Theorem

Theorem. $\text{UF0} \vdash 0 = 1 = 2 \iff \forall n \in \mathbb{N} (n = 0)$.

Proof sketch. If $0 = 1$, then by A1 and A3 we obtain $2 = 0$; hence all numbers coincide. Conversely, if every number equals 0, the operator τ becomes the identity and the cycle collapses.

5. Comparison with Existing Foundations

| System | Primitives | Collapse to Identity? | Single Equation? |
|------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| Peano | 0, succ | No | No |
| ZF | \emptyset, \in | No | No |
| ETCS | 0, 1 | No | No |
| UF0 | 0, 1, 2, τ, \oplus | Yes | Yes |

References

The present paper is self-contained; no external citations are required.