

# Fractional quantization of the residual resistivity and the normal state resistivity at the superconducting transition

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## Abstract

The author provides a literature study showing that the residual resistivity and the normal state resistivity at the superconducting transition might be fractionally quantized. Surprisingly, fractional quantized resistivity is observed in the absence of strong magnetic fields. The presented phenomenological classification of 280 single crystals is based on six universal resistivity quanta that are only dependent on natural constants.

**Keywords:** universality, fractional quantization, residual resistivity, superconductivity, natural constants.

The purpose of this work is to present data found in the open access literature on residual resistivities  $\rho_0$  and normal state resistivities at the superconducting transition  $\rho(T_c)$  of high-quality single crystals. These absolute values are rarely mentioned explicitly in the literature because they are strongly sample dependent and not reproducible, seeming to have no connection to fundamental physics. To obtain values from literature data, they must, in most cases, be calculated using model functions (e.g., Fermi liquid) or extracted from figures using graphic design software with a ruler tool for measuring distances.

In conventional thinking, the residual resistivity is caused by the scattering of conduction electrons at lattice defects and atomic impurities that destroy the crystalline periodicity. However, considering the number of defects in a crystal as the only origin of  $\rho_0$  leads to a problem with highly conducting oxide metals (e.g.,  $\text{PdCoO}_2$ ). In these compounds, the number of defects per lattice site is, according to the resistivity at low temperatures, extremely small and conflicts with chemistry. Thus, the residual resistivity cannot solely be induced by impurity or defect scattering.

Resistivity is an emergent feature of the metallic state that ceases to exist when a complex aggregate of atoms (e.g., a crystal) falls apart. The author speculates that resistivity has universal properties and is independent of microscopic material-specific details; that is, nature forgets which components make up a single-phase crystal. The property changes in quanta and assumes very specific universal values that are not determined by classical electrodynamics because, in addition to the electrical charge  $q_e$ , the Planck constant  $h$  also plays a role.

Let  $(h/q_e^2) \ell$  with  $\ell \equiv \alpha \lambda_{e\_bar}, \alpha \lambda_e, \lambda_{e\_bar}, \lambda_e, \alpha^{-1} \lambda_{e\_bar}, \alpha^{-1} \lambda_e$  be the allowed resistivity quanta. The ratio  $h/q_e^2$  is the von Klitzing constant with the numerical value  $\approx 25\,812.807\,45\ \Omega$ . The parameter  $\alpha$  is the Sommerfeld fine structure constant defined by the number constant  $\alpha \equiv 2^{-6} \pi^{-2/3}$  [1a]. The quantities  $\lambda_e$  and  $\lambda_{e\_bar}$  are the Compton wavelength and the reduced Compton wavelength  $\lambda_e/(2\pi)$  of the electron, respectively. Like the von Klitzing constant, both are tabulated by CODATA. When everything is combined,  $\approx 0.0073$ ,  $\approx 0.0456$ ,  $\approx 0.997$ ,  $\approx 6.263$ ,  $\approx 136.8$ , and  $\approx 859.8\ \mu\Omega\text{cm}$  result for the resistivity quanta. The resistivity  $\rho(T \rightarrow 0)$  and  $\rho(T_c)$  shall be fractionalized according to  $\rho = \nu \rho_{\text{quantum}}$ , with  $\nu$  being an element of the 55 relatively prime factors  $\nu \equiv p/q$  that can be formed from  $p, q \in \{1, 2, \dots, 9\}$  [1b].

The measurement of resistivities requires careful investigation and must be carried out along each crystallographic axis, that is, the samples must be aligned very precisely via diffraction before each measurement. Because of inhomogeneities that can be caused by chemical doping, pressure, or magnetic fields, measurements of stoichiometric compounds at ambient pressure and at zero external magnetic field were selected. Even then, it is challenging to obtain accurate absolute values because the geometric factor that transforms the measured resistance  $R$  into the resistivity  $\rho = R(\text{area}/\text{length})$  requires samples with well-defined geometries. Unfortunately, information about the size of a single crystal, its homogeneity, or the error of the geometric factor is usually missing in the literature.

The collected results of a large number of studies with corresponding interpretations are compiled in Table 1. Care was taken to ensure that the resistivity at  $T \rightarrow 0$  or  $T = T_c$  is flat, that is, has a low temperature dependence, tends to saturate, and leads to a resistivity plateau, so that the error in determining the resistivity is minimized. It is up to the reader to judge and verify whether the extracted, experimental values in Table 1 are coincidences or whether the simple ansatz  $\rho = \nu \rho_{\text{quantum}}$  could be a unifying, comprehensive model underlying the data. Undoubtedly, more accurate measurements of precisely aligned, single-phase crystals with well-defined geometries are required.

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- [280] Thermoelectric response near a quantum critical point of  $\beta$ -YbAlB<sub>4</sub> and YbRh<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub>: A comparative study  
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**Table 1:** Fractional Quantization of the residual resistivity

single crystal	item	info <sup>a)</sup>	RRR <sup>b)</sup>	$T_c^{\rho_{\text{onset}}}$ <sup>c)</sup> [K]	resistivity [ $\mu\Omega\text{cm}$ ]			fraction $\nu$	varia	ref
					measured <sup>d)</sup>	ansatz <sup>e)</sup>	quantum <sup>f)</sup>			
Ag <sub>5</sub> Pb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>6</sub>		Text		$\rho_{ab}$	1.5	1.50	0.997	3/2		[2]
Ag <sub>5</sub> Pb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>6</sub>		Fig. 1		0.044	4.63(4)	4.70	6.263	3/4	$\rho^c$	[3]
Ag <sub>5</sub> Pb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>6</sub>	#1	FL		$\rho_0^c$	4.7	4.70	6.263	3/4		[4]
Al <sub>6</sub> Re		Fig. 2	375	$\rho_0$	0.0394(4)	0.0391	0.0456	6/7		[5]
Al <sub>6</sub> Re		Text		$\rho_0$	0.04	0.040	<b>0.0456</b>	7/8		[6]
As	#A1	PL		$\rho_0$	0.038	0.0380	0.0456	5/6		[7]
	#A2	PL		$\rho_0$	0.0093	0.00934	0.0073	9/7		
	#A3	PL		$\rho_0$	0.0014	0.00145	0.0073	1/5		
AuSn <sub>4</sub>		Text		2.4	0.62	0.623	0.997	5/8		[8]
AuSn <sub>4</sub>		Text		2.4	0.75	0.748	0.997	3/4		[9]
AuSn <sub>4</sub>		Fig. 3a		2.52	2.48(3)	2.492	<b>0.997</b>	5/2		[10]
AuSn <sub>4</sub>		Text		2.60	10.8	11.0	6.263	7/4		[11]
AuTe <sub>2</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	0.78	0.775	<b>0.997</b>	7/9		[12]
		Fig. 2c Fig. 2c			0.774(5) 0.397(4)				0.95GPa	
AuTe <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>4/3</sub>	#1	FL		2.85	37.4	37.6	6.263	6		[13]
	#2	Fig. 4c		2.85	27.9(2)	28.2	6.263	9/2		
Ba <sub>5</sub> In <sub>4</sub> Bi <sub>5</sub>		Fig. 3a		4.62	16.5(2)	16.7	6.263	8/3		[14]
		Fig. S8a		4.55	14.0(2)	14.1	6.263	9/4		
		Fig. S7a		4.4	9.0(1)	8.97	0.997	9		
Ba <sub>6</sub> Nb <sub>11</sub> S <sub>28</sub>		Fig. 1f		1.6	62.0(5)	60.8	136.8	4/9		[15]
BaAl <sub>4</sub>	#A	Text		$\rho_0$	0.090	0.091	0.0456	2		[16]
BaBi <sub>3</sub>		FL		5.95	12.50	12.53	6.263	2		[17]
BaCu <sub>2</sub> As <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 4c		$\rho_0$	1.750(3)	1.744	0.997	7/4		[18]
BaGa <sub>2</sub>		Text		$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	0.440	0.443	0.997	4/9		[19]
BaIr <sub>2</sub> P <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 3c		$\rho(3\text{K};750\text{G})$	8.81(6)	8.77	6.263	7/5		[20]
BaNi <sub>2</sub> As <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 4a		$\rho(1.5\text{K};0.1\text{T})$	16.7(1)	16.70	6.263	8/3		[21]
BaNi <sub>2</sub> P <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 1a		2.6	5.05(4)	5.01	6.263	4/5		[22]
BaNiS <sub>2</sub>		PL		$\rho_0^{\text{ab}}$	5.5	5.48	6.263	7/8		[23]
BaPd <sub>2</sub> As <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 2b		3.85	5.20(6)	5.22	6.263	5/6		[24]
BaPt <sub>2</sub> As <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 6a		1.75	106.2(7)	106.4	136.8	7/9		[25]
BaRh <sub>2</sub> P <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 3d		1.08	2.63(3)	2.66	0.997	8/3		[20]
		Fig. 3d		$\rho(1.5\text{K};1\text{T})$	1.27(1)	1.282	0.997	9/7		
BaSn <sub>3</sub>		Fig. 1b		4.4	24.5(3)	25.1	6.263	4		[26]
BaTi <sub>2</sub> Sb <sub>2</sub> O		Fig. 1d		2.5	11.0(1)	11.0	6.263	7/4		[27]
Bi <sub>2</sub> Ir <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>		Fig. 3a		$\rho_0$	342.10(3)	342.10	136.8	5/2)		[28]
Bi <sub>2</sub> PdPt		Fig. 4		4.1	3.12(3)	3.13	6.263	1/2		[29]
Ca <sub>11</sub> Bi <sub>10</sub>		Fig. 2b		2.3	10.8(2)	11.0	6.263	7/4		[30]
Ca <sub>3</sub> Ir <sub>4</sub> Sn <sub>13</sub>		Fig. 2a		7.5	85(1)	85.5	136.8	5/8		[31]
CaAgAs		Text		$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	25	25.1	6.263	4		[32]
CaAl <sub>4</sub>		Fig. 2a	57	$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	0.788(5)	0.783	6.263	1/8		[33]
CaBi <sub>2</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	0.219	0.222	0.997	2/9		[34]
CaCdGe		Text		$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	9	9.0	0.997	9		[32]

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single crystal	item	info <sup>a)</sup>	RRR <sup>b)</sup>	$T_c^{\rho_{\text{onset}}}$ <sup>c)</sup> [K]	resistivity [ $\mu\Omega\text{cm}$ ]			fraction $\nu$	varia	ref
					measured <sup>d)</sup>	ansatz <sup>e)</sup>	quantum <sup>f)</sup>			
CaCdSn		Text		$\rho_0$	0.6	0.60	0.997	3/5		[35]
CaCu <sub>3</sub> Ru <sub>4</sub> O <sub>12</sub>	#1	FL		$\rho_0$	14	14.1	6.263	9/4		[36]
	#2	FL		$\rho_0$	117	117.3	136.8	6/7		[36]
CaIrSi <sub>3</sub>		Fig. 3b		3.45	68(1)	68.4	136.8	1/2		[37]
CaPd <sub>2</sub> Ge <sub>2</sub>		BG		2.0	12.03(3)	12.5	6.263	2		[38]
CaPd <sub>2</sub> P <sub>2</sub>		BG		1.0	23.5	22.8	136.8	1/6		[39]
CaPtAs		FL		1.58	10.50	10.44	6.263	5/3	plateau	[40]
		Fig. 2a		1.38	7.53(6)	7.52	6.263	6/5		
CaPtAs		Fig. 5a Fig. 4a		1.40 1.30	117.5(7) 143(1)	117.3 143	136.8 859.8	6/7 1/6		
CaSb <sub>2</sub>		Text		2.0	0.77	0.775	<b>0.997</b>	7/9		[42]
CaSn <sub>3</sub>		Text		4.2	0.5	0.498	0.997	1/2		[43]
CaSn <sub>3</sub>		FL		4.2	1.348	1.329	0.997	4/3		[44]
Cd <sub>2</sub> Re <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	#B	Text		2.15	11	11.0	6.263	7/4		[45]
Cd <sub>2</sub> Re <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>		FL		1.46	14.63	14.61	6.263	7/3		[46]
Cd <sub>2</sub> Re <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>		FL		1.72	17.07	17.11	136.8	1/8		[47]
Cd <sub>2</sub> Re <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	#2A	Fig. 4		1.13	15.7(1)	15.7	6.263	5/2		[48]
	#1A	Fig. 4		2.20	15.7(1)	15.7	6.263	5/2		
	#1F	Fig. 4		2.17	11.3(1)	11.3	6.263	9/5		
	#1G	Fig. 2		1.06	11.1(1)	11.0	6.263	7/4		
Cd <sub>3</sub> As <sub>2</sub>		Text		$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	28.2	28.2	6.263	9/2		[49]
Ce <sub>2</sub> PdGe <sub>3</sub>		Fig. 7b		$\rho_0$	175.0(1)	175.9	136.8	9/7		[50]
CeRu <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 1d		5.1	37.8(5)	37.6	6.263	6		[51]
Co <sub>2</sub> MnGa		Text		$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	56	56.4	6.263	9		[52]
Co <sub>2</sub> MnSi		Text		$\rho_0$	7	6.98	<b>0.997</b>	7		[53]
Co <sub>3</sub> Sn <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 2b	128	$\rho_0$	4.20(4)	4.18	6.263	2/3		[54]
CoSe <sub>2</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	2.1	2.09	6.263	1/3		[55]
CoSi		Fig. 1d	14	$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	4.97(3)	4.98	<b>0.997</b>	5		[56]
CoTe <sub>2</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	113.8	114	136.8	5/6		[57]
CrAuTe <sub>4</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	5.566	5.567	6.263	8/9		[58]
CsNi <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>2</sub>		FL		2.7	5.38	5.368	6.263	6/7		[59]
CsV <sub>3</sub> Sb <sub>5</sub>		Fig. 1a		4.0	0.248(2)	0.249	0.997	1/4		[60]
CsV <sub>3</sub> Sb <sub>5</sub>	pristine	Text		4.2	0.4	0.40	0.997	2/5		[61]
CsV <sub>3</sub> Sb <sub>5</sub>		Fig. 2e		3.6	0.555(4)	0.554	0.997	5/9		[62]
CsV <sub>3</sub> Sb <sub>5</sub>		Fig. S1b		3.85	1.19(1)	1.196	0.997	6/5		[63]
CsV <sub>3</sub> Sb <sub>5</sub>		Fig. 1b		4.0	1.76(1)	1.744	0.997	7/4		[64]
CsV <sub>3</sub> Sb <sub>5</sub>	#B	Fig. 1c		3.8	3.00(2)	2.99	0.997	3		[65]
CsV <sub>3</sub> Sb <sub>5</sub>		Fig. 1a		4.0	4.03(3)	3.99	0.997	4		[66]
CsV <sub>3</sub> Sb <sub>5</sub>		Text		4.2	4.75	4.70	6.263	3/4		[67]
		Fig. 2b			4.74(4)					

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single crystal	item	info <sup>a)</sup>	RRR <sup>b)</sup>	$T_c^{\rho_{\text{onset}}}$ <sup>c)</sup> [K]	resistivity [ $\mu\Omega\text{cm}$ ]			fraction	varia	ref
					measured <sup>d)</sup>	ansatz <sup>e)</sup>	quantum <sup>f)</sup>	$\nu$		
CsV <sub>3</sub> Sb <sub>5</sub>	#1	Fig. 2a		3.6	3.62(4)	3.58	6.263	4/7	0GPa	[68]
	#1			5.2	3.72(4)	3.76	6.263	3/5	0.37GPa	
	#1			8.0	2.99(4)	2.99	0.997	3	1.86GPa	
	#1	Fig. 2b		8.0	4.20(5)	4.18	6.263	2/3	1.52GPa	
	#1			8.0	4.46(5)	4.47	6.263	5/7	1.46GPa	
	#4			3.6	1.41(2)	1.40	0.997	7/5	5.2GPa	
	#4			4.6	1.32(2)	1.33	0.997	4/3	3.8GPa	
Cu <sub>3</sub> Sn		BG		$\rho_0^b$	0.17(1)	0.17	0.997	1/6		[69]
				$\rho_0^a$	0.34(1)	0.33	0.997	1/3		
CuS	#1	Fig. 2b		1.8	0.578(7)	0.570	0.997	4/7		[70]
CuTe		Text		$\rho_0$	1.19	1.196	0.997	6/5		[71]
Fe <sub>2</sub> P		Fig. 5a	760	$\rho_0$	0.224(2)	0.222	0.997	2/9		[72]
HfP <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 1e		$\rho_0$	5.06(6)	5.01	<b>6.263</b>	4/5		[73]
HfRuP		Fig. 1e		9.0	2540(20)	2579	859.8	3		[74]
HoPdBi		Fig. 1a		0.82	642(6)	645	859.8	3/4		[75]
InPd		Text		$\rho_0$	16.6	16.7	6.263	8/3		[76]
IrSb <sub>3</sub>	#73.1	PL		$\rho_0$	3.57	3.58	6.263	4/7		[77]
K <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>3</sub> As <sub>3</sub>		Fig. 2a	60	6.2	16.8(1)	16.7	6.263	8/3		[78]
K <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>3</sub> As <sub>3</sub>		Fig. 2	50	6.2	19.3(1)	19.5	136.8	1/7		[79]
KCo <sub>2</sub> As <sub>2</sub>	#1	Fig. 3a	160	$\rho_0^{xx}$	0.229(1)	0.228	0.0456	5		[80]
KCr <sub>3</sub> As <sub>3</sub>	#B	Fig. 2b		5.2	161(1)	160	136.8	7/6		[78]
KV <sub>3</sub> Sb <sub>5</sub>		Fig. 2e		1.4	0.290(3)	0.285	0.997	2/7		[81]
KV <sub>3</sub> Sb <sub>5</sub>		Fig. 1c	45	$\rho_0$	1.61(1)	1.595	0.997	8/5		[82]
La <sub>2</sub> Ni <sub>2</sub> In		Text		0.94	15.7(1)	15.7	6.263	5/2		[83]
La <sub>2</sub> Pt <sub>3</sub> Ge <sub>5</sub>		Fig. 5		8.2	10.8(2)	11.0	6.263	7/4		[84]
La <sub>2</sub> Rh <sub>3+<math>\delta</math></sub> Sb <sub>4</sub>	#1	FL		0.9	43.6	43.8	6.263	7		[85]
		Fig. 4a			43.6(4)					
La <sub>3</sub> Co <sub>4</sub> Sn <sub>13</sub>		Fig. 4a		3.0	43.7(3)	43.8	6.263	7		[86]
La <sub>3</sub> Pt <sub>3</sub> Bi <sub>4</sub>		Fig. 3c		1.15	36.6(4)	37.6	6.263	6		[87]
La <sub>7</sub> Ir <sub>3</sub>		Text		2.5	52.5(5)	51.3	136.8	3/8		[88]
LaAlSi		Fig. 1c		$\rho_0^{xx}$	5.96(4)	5.98	0.997	6		[89]
LaBi		Fig. 1a	665	$\rho_0$	0.182(2)	0.182	0.0456	4		[90]
LaCo <sub>2</sub> P <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 4a	69	$\rho_0$	1.195(8)	1.196	0.997	6/5		[91]
LaCoGe <sub>3</sub>		Fig. 3	150	$\rho_0$	0.270(2)	0.274	0.0456	6		[92]
LaCu <sub>2</sub> Si <sub>2</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	0.87	0.872	0.997	7/8		[93]
LaCuSb <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 2b		1.1	1.93(2)	1.99	0.997	2		[94]
		Fig. 3a		$\rho(1.6\text{K};0\text{T})$	1.20	1.20	0.997	6/5		
LaNiGa <sub>2</sub>		FL		2.15	5.20	5.22	6.263	5/6		[95]
LaOs <sub>4</sub> Sb <sub>12</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	2.8	2.78	6.263	4/9		[96]
LaPt <sub>2</sub> Si <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 1b		1.22	55.0	54.7	136.8	2/5		[97]
LaPt <sub>2</sub> Si <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 1b		2.15	109.6(8)	109.5	136.8	4/5		[98]
		Fig. 3a		2.36	19.7(1)	19.5	136.8	1/7	2.0GPa	
		Fig. 3a		2.36	15.2(1)	15.2	136.8	1/9	2.4GPa	

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					measured <sup>d)</sup>	ansatz <sup>e)</sup>	quantum <sup>f)</sup>			
LaPt <sub>2</sub> Si <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 2a		1.8	182(1)	182	136.8	4/3		[99]
LaRh <sub>2</sub> As <sub>2</sub>		BG Fig. 3a		0.35 0.27	10 9.0(1)	10.0 9.0	6.263 0.997	8/5 9		[100]
LaRhGe <sub>3</sub>		Fig. 7a		$\rho_0$	0.77(1)	0.775	0.997	7/9		[101]
LaRhSn		Fig. 1		2.2	24.5(3)	25.1	6.263	4		[102]
LaRhSn		Fig. 5 Fig. 4		2.2 2.2	50.0(5) 106(1)	50.1 106.4	6.263 136.8	8 7/9		[103]
LaRu <sub>2</sub> P <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 4		4.4	2.08(1)	2.09	6.263	1/3		[104]
LaRu <sub>2</sub> Zn <sub>20</sub>		Fig. 1		0.3	27.4(2)	27.4	136.8	1/5		[105]
LaRu <sub>4</sub> As <sub>12</sub>		Fig. 1		10.4	1.330(8)	1.329	0.997	4/3		[106]
LaSb	#1 #2	PL		$\rho_0$ $\rho_0$	0.080 0.330	0.080 0.332	0.0456 0.997	7/4 1/3		[107]
LaTe <sub>3</sub>		Fig. 3		$\rho_0^{\text{ac}}$ $\rho_0^{\text{b}}$	0.433(8) 98(1)	0.427 97.7	0.997 136.8	3/7 5/7		[108]
LiFeP		FL		5.3	2.26	2.24	0.997	9/4		[109]
Li <sub>x</sub> TaS <sub>2</sub>		Text		4.2	611(2)	614	859.8	5/7		[110]
Lu <sub>2</sub> Fe <sub>3</sub> Si <sub>5</sub>		Fig. 5 Fig. 5		5.76 5.56	4.06(6) 15.0(1)	3.99 15.2	0.997 136.8	4 1/9		[111]
Lu <sub>2</sub> Fe <sub>3</sub> Si <sub>5</sub>		Text		6.2	7.0 22	7.05 21.9	6.263 6.263	9/8 7/2	$\rho_0^{\text{c}}$ $\rho_0^{\text{ab}}$	[112]
Lu <sub>3</sub> Os <sub>4</sub> Ge <sub>13</sub>		Fig. 1a		3.30	382(7)	382	859.8	4/9		[113]
Lu <sub>5</sub> Rh <sub>6</sub> Sn <sub>18</sub>		Fig. 3a		4.4	183(2)	182	136.8	4/3		[114]
LuNiSi <sub>3</sub>		Text Fig. 7b		1.63	1.8 1.80(1)	1.79	<b>0.997</b>	9/5		[115]
LuPdBi		Fig. 2c		1.9	344(2)	344	<b>859.8</b>	2/5		[116]
LuPdBi		Fig. 3a 3a inset		1.70	405(5) 200(3)	411 205	136.8 136.8	3 3/2)		[117]
LuPtBi		Fig. 3		1.05	74.5(4)	76.0	136.8	5/9		[118]
MgCNi <sub>3</sub>		Fig. 3		6.65	31.5(3)	31.3	6.263	5		[119]
Mn <sub>2</sub> P		Fig. 2b	840	$\rho_0$	0.0798(4)	0.0798	0.0456	7/4		[72]
Mo <sub>3</sub> Sb <sub>7</sub>		gap		2.38	91.6	91.2	136.8	2/3		[120]
Mo <sub>3</sub> Sb <sub>7</sub>		Fig. 1b		2.35	90.7(8)	91.2	136.8	2/3		[121]
MoGe <sub>2</sub>		PL		$\rho_0$	1.4	1.40	0.997	7/5		[122]
Na <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>3</sub> As <sub>3</sub>		Text	12	8.8	108.3	107.5	859.8	1/8		[123]
Na <sub>6</sub> Co <sub>3</sub> Se <sub>6</sub> O <sub>3</sub>		Fig. 2c		6.5	136.6(8)	136.8	136.8	1		[124]
NaAlSi		Text		7.2	157	156.4	136.8	8/7	$\rho^{\text{a}}$	[125]
NaSn <sub>2</sub> As <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 3a		1.65	60.4(4)	60.8	136.8	4/9		[126]
NaSn <sub>2</sub> As <sub>2</sub>		Text		1.18	122	121.6	136.8	8/9		[127]
NaSn <sub>2</sub> As <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 2b		1.38	171(2)	171	<b>136.8</b>	5/4		[128]
NbC		Fig. 2c		12.7	27.4(2)	27.4	136.8	1/5		[129]
NbGe <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 3a		2.1	0.080	0.080	0.0456	7/4		[130]
NbGe <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 1		2.06	0.094(1)	0.091	0.0456	2		[131]

**Table 1:** Fractional Quantization of the residual resistivity

single crystal	item	info <sup>a)</sup>	RRR <sup>b)</sup>	$T_c^{\rho_{\text{onset}}}$ <sup>c)</sup> [K]	resistivity [ $\mu\Omega\text{cm}$ ]			fraction $\nu$	varia	ref
					measured <sup>d)</sup>	ansatz <sup>e)</sup>	quantum <sup>f)</sup>			
NbGe <sub>2</sub>		BG		$\rho_0^{\text{out of plane}}$	0.050	0.0508	0.0073	7		[132]
		BG		$\rho_0^{\text{in plane}}$	0.165	0.166	0.997	1/6		
NbIrTe <sub>4</sub>		Fig. 2a		$\rho(0.35\text{K})$	15.7(1)	15.7	6.263	5/2		[133]
NbIrTe <sub>4</sub>	#2	Fig. 1e Fig. 2e	19	$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	31.3(3)	31.3	6.263	5	65.5GPa	[134]
				2.95	820(4)	821	136.8	6		
NbP		Text		$\rho_0$	0.63	0.623	0.997	5/8		[135]
NbSeTe		Fig. 3a		3.16	207.2(5)	205	136.8	3/2		[136]
NbSi <sub>2</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	0.074	0.0730	0.0456	8/5		[137]
NbTe <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 1d		0.72	12.6(2)	12.5	6.263	2		[138]
NbTe <sub>4</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	9.4	9.39	6.263	3/2		[139]
NdAuAl <sub>4</sub> Ge <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 4b		$\rho_0$	4.72(4)	4.70	6.263	3/4		[140]
Ni <sub>3</sub> In <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub>		Text		$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	0.108	0.1064	0.0456	7/3		[141]
Ni <sub>3</sub> In <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 2a	30	$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	1.01(1)	1.00	0.997	1		[142]
NiBi <sub>3</sub>		Fig. 3		4.1	5.13(5)	5.22	6.263	5/6		[143]
NiBi <sub>3</sub>		Fig. 1c		4.3	7.76(5)	7.83	6.263	5/4		[144]
NiBi <sub>3</sub>		Fig. 2b		4.16	4.16(5)	4.18	6.263	2/3		
		BG			4.5(2)	4.49	<b>0.997</b>	9/2		[145]
		Fig. 4a			4.50(4)					
NiBi <sub>3</sub>		Fig. 2a		4.3	58.6(6)	58.6	136.8	3/7		[146]
NiMnSb		Fig. 6a	1.65	$\rho_0$	31.22	31.31	6.263	5		[53]
NiTe <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 2a	374	$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	0.116(1)	0.114	0.0456	5/2		[147]
NiTe <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 2c		$\rho_0$	1.000	0.997	0.997	1		[148]
OsB <sub>2</sub>		Text		2.20	1.55	1.566	6.263	1/4		[149]
Pb <sub>1/3</sub> TaS <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 2e		3.45	1.99(1)	1.994	0.997	2		[150]
Pb <sub>2</sub> Pd		Fig. 4		3.2	2.10(4)	2.09	6.263	1/3		[151]
PbTaS <sub>2</sub>		FL		2.6	0.319	0.319	0.0456	7		[152]
PbTaSe <sub>2</sub>		Text		4.0	0.14	0.142	0.997	1/7		[153]
PbTaSe <sub>2</sub>		Text		3.9	0.14	0.142	0.997	1/7		[154]
PbTaSe <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 6b		4.05	0.271(2)	0.274	0.0456	6		[155]
PbTaSe <sub>2</sub>		BG		4.0	0.28	0.285	0.997	2/7		[156]
PbTaSe <sub>2</sub>		Fig. S4b		4.1	0.332(5)	0.332	0.997	1/3		[157]
PbTaSe <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 1a		4.1	0.360(4)	0.365	0.0456	8		[158]
PbTaSe <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 2a		4.1	0.374(3)	0.374	0.997	3/8		[159]
PbTe <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 2		1.82	0.495(6)	0.498	0.997	1/2		[160]
PdCoO <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 3		$\rho_0^{\text{ab}}$	0.00741(1)	0.00726	0.0073	1		
			$\rho_0^{\text{c}}$	8.08(5)	8.05	6.263	9/7		[161]	
PdCrO <sub>2</sub>		Text		$\rho_0^{\text{ab}}$	0.045	0.0456	0.0456	1		
			$\rho_0^{\text{c}}$	16.5	16.7	6.263	8/3		[162]	
PdGa		Fig. 2a	37	$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	0.595(4)	0.598	0.997	3/5		[163]
PdGa		Fig. 1c	20	$\rho_0$	0.713(5)	0.712	0.997	5/7		[164]
PdSn <sub>4</sub>	#1	FL		$\rho_0$	0.105	0.106	0.0456	7/3		[165]
PdTe		Fig. 2a		4.6	3.13(2)	3.13	6.263	1/2		[166]
PdTe <sub>2</sub>		BG		$\rho_0$	8.02	8.05	6.263	9/7		[167]

**Table 1:** Fractional Quantization of the residual resistivity

single crystal	item	info <sup>a)</sup>	RRR <sup>b)</sup>	$T_c^{\rho_{\text{onset}}}$ <sup>c)</sup> [K]	resistivity [ $\mu\Omega\text{cm}$ ]			fraction $\nu$	varia	ref
					measured <sup>d)</sup>	ansatz <sup>e)</sup>	quantum <sup>f)</sup>			
Pr <sub>2</sub> Ir <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>		Fig. 4a		$\rho_0$	364.5(3)	364.9	136.8	8/3		[168]
Pr <sub>2</sub> Pt <sub>3</sub> Ge <sub>5</sub>		Fig. 5		7.9	28.3(2)	28.2	6.263	9/2		[84]
PrAlGe		Fig. 2a		$\rho_0$	30.6	30.4	136.8	2/9		[169]
PrAlSi		Fig. 5		$\rho_0$	19.0(2)	18.8	6.263	3		[170]
PrCoIn <sub>5</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	0.034	0.0342	0.0456	3/4		[171]
PrFe <sub>4</sub> P <sub>12</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	0.57	0.570	0.997	4/7		[172]
PrOs <sub>4</sub> Sb <sub>12</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	8	7.97	<b>0.997</b>	8		[96]
PrTi <sub>2</sub> Al <sub>20</sub>		Text		0.183	0.380	0.374	0.997	3/8		[173]
Pt <sub>2</sub> HgSe <sub>3</sub>	#D1	Text		$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	17.1	17.1	136.8	1/8		[174]
	#D2			$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	10.4	10.4	6.263	5/3		
	#D3			$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	6.3	6.3	6.263	1		
Pt <sub>3</sub> Te <sub>4</sub>		Text		$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	0.45	0.443	0.997	4/9		[175]
PtAl		Fig. 2a		$\rho_0$	5.06(7)	5.01	<b>6.263</b>	4/5		[176]
PtBi <sub>2</sub>		FL		$\rho_0$	0.018	0.0182	<b>0.0456</b>	2/5		[177]
PtCoO <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 2a		$\rho_0^{\text{ab}}$	0.04070(5)	0.04055	0.0456	8/9		[178]
PtPb <sub>4</sub>		Text	113	3.0	0.709	0.712	<b>0.997</b>	5/7		[179]
		Fig. 2a		0.711(6)						
PtPb <sub>4</sub>		FL		2.8	0.753	0.748	0.997	3/4		[180]
PtPb <sub>4</sub>		Fig. 2a		2.77	2.78(3)	2.78	6.263	4/9		[181]
PtSn <sub>4</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	0.013	0.0130	<b>0.0456</b>	2/7		[182]
PtSn <sub>4</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	0.045	0.0456	0.0456	1		[183]
PtSn <sub>4</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	0.045	0.0456	0.0456	1		[184]
PtSn <sub>4</sub>	#1	Text		$\rho_0$	0.041	0.041	0.0456	8/9		[185]
	#2				0.053	0.053	0.0456	7/6		
	#3				0.038	0.038	0.0456	5/6		
PtSn <sub>4</sub>		Text	812	$\rho_0^{\text{a}}$	0.315	0.319	0.0456	7		[186]
PtSn <sub>4</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	0.5	0.50	0.997	1/2		[187]
Rb <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>3</sub> As <sub>3</sub>		Fig. 2b		5.0	3.57(4)	3.58	6.263	4/7		[189]
Rb <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>3</sub> As <sub>3</sub>	#A	Fig. 5a		4.8	7.52(4)	7.52	6.263	6/5		[188]
RbCr <sub>3</sub> As <sub>3</sub>		Fig. 2b		8.0	12.5(1)	12.5	6.263	2		[189]
Re <sub>6</sub> Zr		Fig. 1a		6.84	208(4)	205	136.8	3/2		[190]
Re <sub>6</sub> Zr		Text		6.9	300	308	136.8	9/4		[191]
Rh <sub>17</sub> S <sub>15</sub>	pristine	Fig. 2		5.31	16.5(1)	16.7	6.263	8/3		[192]
RhSn		Fig. 2a	24	$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	3.16(2)	3.13	6.263	1/2		[193]
Sc <sub>5</sub> Rh <sub>6</sub> Sn <sub>18</sub>		Fig. S3		5.05	229(4)	228	136.8	5/3		[194]
SmAuAl <sub>4</sub> Ge <sub>2</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	1.5	1.50	0.997	3/2		[195]
SmCd <sub>11</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	0.32	0.319	0.0456	7	T <sub>N1</sub>	[196]
		Fig. 2a		4.7	2.99(2)	2.99	0.997	3		
Sn <sub>0.4</sub> Sb <sub>0.6</sub>		Fig. 8		4.0	82.4(2)	82.1	136.8	3/5		[197]
Sn <sub>4</sub> Au		Fig. 1c		2.3	1.50(2)	1.50	0.997	3/2		[198]
Sn <sub>4</sub> P <sub>3</sub>		Text		1.9	0.14	0.142	0.997	1/7		[199]
SnAs		Text		4.2	1.28	1.282	0.997	9/7		[200]
SnTaS <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 1c		3.05	0.063(1)	0.0639	0.0456	7/5		[201]

**Table 1:** Fractional Quantization of the residual resistivity

single crystal	item	info <sup>a)</sup>	RRR <sup>b)</sup>	$T_c^{\rho_{\text{onset}}}$ <sup>c)</sup> [K]	resistivity [ $\mu\Omega\text{cm}$ ]			fraction	varia	ref
					measured <sup>d)</sup>	ansatz <sup>e)</sup>	quantum <sup>f)</sup>			
SnTaS <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 2a		2.9	0.099(1)	0.103	0.0456	9/4		[202]
SrAgSb		Fig. 7		$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	27.6(2)	27.4	136.8	1/5		[203]
SrAuBi	#3	Fig. 4a		2.5	68.3(5)	68.4	136.8	1/2		[204]
SrAuSb		Fig. 7		$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	22.9(2)	22.8	136.8	1/6		[203]
SrBi <sub>3</sub>		Fig. 8b		5.75	0.166(2)	0.166	0.997	1/6		[205]
SrIn <sub>2</sub> As <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 1c		$\rho_0$	490(3)	491	859.8	4/7		[206]
SrNi <sub>2</sub> P <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 1b		1.55	1.55(2)	1.566	6.263	1/4		[207]
SrPd <sub>2</sub> Ge <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 3		2.96	68.2(6)	68.4	136.8	1/2		[208]
SrPd <sub>2</sub> P <sub>2</sub>		BG		0.7	67.8	68.4	136.8	1/2		[39]
SrPt <sub>10</sub> P <sub>4</sub>		Fig. 3		1.5	9.3(2)	9.4	6.263	3/2		[209]
SrPt <sub>2</sub> As <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 1a		5.50	78.2(3)	78.2	136.8	4/7		[210]
SrPt <sub>3</sub> P		FL		8.6	15.2	15.2	136.8	1/9		[211]
SrSn <sub>2</sub> As <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 1d		$\rho_0$	43.7(3)	43.8	6.263	7		[212]
SrVO <sub>3</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	0.41	0.411	0.0456	9	190 u.c.	[213]
SrVO <sub>3</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	172.4	172.0	859.8	1/5		[214]
Ta <sub>3</sub> Pd <sub>3</sub> Te <sub>14</sub>	#1	Fig. 2c		1.05	5.17(3)	5.22	6.263	5/6	$\rho^b$	[215]
TaCo <sub>2</sub> Te <sub>2</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	2.244	2.243	0.997	9/4		[216]
TaCo <sub>2</sub> Te <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 4a	17	$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	11.4(1)	11.3	6.263	9/5		[217]
TaPdTe <sub>5</sub>		Text	59	$\rho_0^a$	0.559	0.554	0.997	5/9		[218]
TaSb <sub>2</sub>		Text		$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	0.75	0.748	0.997	3/4		[219]
TaSe <sub>3</sub>		PL		$\rho_0^b$	14.5	14.6	6.263	7/3		[220]
TaSeS		Fig. 3a		4.2	156(1)	156.4	136.8	8/7		[221]
TaSi <sub>2</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	0.014	0.0145	0.0073	2		[137]
TaSSe		Fig. 4a		4.0	645(7)	645	859.8	3/4		[222]
Th <sub>2</sub> Cu <sub>4</sub> As <sub>5</sub>		Fig. 2a		4.2	1745(15)	1720	859.8	2		[223]
ThIn <sub>3</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	0.32	0.319	0.0456	7		[224]
Ti <sub>2</sub> Sn <sub>3</sub>		Fig. 2a	130	$\rho_0$	0.322(3)	0.319	0.0456	7		[225]
Tl <sub>0.6</sub> Bi <sub>2</sub> Te <sub>3</sub>		Text		2.42	200	205	136.8	3/2		[226]
U <sub>6</sub> Co		FL		2.75	54.1	54.7	136.8	2/5		[227]
UBe <sub>13</sub>		Fig. 2		1.8	231(2)	228	136.8	5/3		[228]
UBe <sub>13</sub>		Text		10	228				flat max	[228]
UNi <sub>2</sub> Al <sub>3</sub>		Text		0.91	3.6	3.58	6.263	4/7		[229]
W <sub>2</sub> As <sub>3</sub>		Text		$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	1.04	1.044	6.263	1/6		[230]
W <sub>2</sub> As <sub>3</sub>	#1	Fig. 3a	291	$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	0.571(4)	0.570	0.997	4/7		[231]
W <sub>2</sub> As <sub>3</sub>	#2	Fig. 3a	311	$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	0.450(4)	0.443	0.997	4/9		[231]
W <sub>2</sub> As <sub>3</sub>	#3	Fig. 3a	372	$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	0.570(4)	0.570	0.997	4/7		[231]
WP	#3	Fig. 2		0.85	1.12(1)	1.121	0.997	9/8		[232]
WP <sub>2</sub>	#C2	Fig. 1e	24850	$\rho_0$	0.00165(2)	0.00161	0.0073	2/9		[233]
WP <sub>2</sub>	#C5	Text			0.012	0.0121	0.0073	5/3	sup note	[233]
WSi <sub>2</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	0.103	0.103	0.0456	9/4		[234]
WTe <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 1a, ext	2000	$\rho_0$	0.169(2)	0.166	0.997	1/6		[235]
WTe <sub>2</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	0.185	0.182	0.0456	4		[236]
WTe <sub>2</sub>		Text		$\rho_0^a$	0.275	0.274	0.0456	6	Table I	[237]

**Table 1:** Fractional Quantization of the residual resistivity

single crystal	item	info <sup>a)</sup>	RRR <sup>b)</sup>	$T_c^{\rho_{\text{onset}}}$ <sup>c)</sup> [K]	resistivity [ $\mu\Omega\text{cm}$ ]			fraction $\nu$	varia	ref
					measured <sup>d)</sup>	ansatz <sup>e)</sup>	quantum <sup>f)</sup>			
WTe <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 1c	58	$\rho_0$	10.03(7)	10.02	6.263	8/5		[238]
WTe <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 1b		$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	11.25(15)	11.27	6.263	9/5		[239]
Y <sub>3</sub> Ru <sub>4</sub> Ge <sub>13</sub>		Fig. 3		3.0	92.3(8)	91.2	136.8	2/3		[240]
Y <sub>3</sub> Ru <sub>4</sub> Ge <sub>13</sub>		Fig. 1a		3.21	846(8)	860	859.8	1		[113]
Y <sub>4</sub> RuGe <sub>8</sub>		Fig. 6a		1.35	46.0(4)	45.6	136.8	1/3		[241]
Y <sub>5</sub> Rh <sub>6</sub> Sn <sub>18</sub>		Fig. 2		3	368(3)	368	859.8	3/7		[242]
Y <sub>7</sub> Ru <sub>4</sub> InGe <sub>12</sub>		Fig. 2c		5.78	26.5(2)	27.4	136.8	1/5		[243]
Yb <sub>2</sub> Ni <sub>12</sub> P <sub>7</sub>		FL		$\rho_0$	21.96	21.92	6.263	7/2		[244]
Yb <sub>2</sub> Pt <sub>6</sub> Al <sub>15</sub>		FL		$\rho_0$	1.65	1.661	0.997	5/3	I $\perp$ c	[245]
YB <sub>6</sub>		Fig. 1a		7.5	10.0(1)	10.0	6.263	8/5		[246]
YbAl <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 3	45	$\rho_0$	0.503(4)	0.498	0.997	1/2		[247]
YbFe <sub>2</sub> Zn <sub>20</sub>		FL		$\rho_0$	8.4	8.35	6.263	4/3		[248]
YbV <sub>3</sub> Sb <sub>4</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	11.1	11.0	6.263	7/4		[249]
YCd <sub>6</sub>		Text		$\rho_0$	1.2	1.20	0.997	6/5		[250]
YCoGa <sub>5</sub>		Fig. 3b		$\rho_0^{\text{ab}}$	0.142(1)	0.142	0.997	1/7		[251]
YCr <sub>6</sub> Ge <sub>6</sub>		Fig. 3		$\rho_0^{\perp}$	4.5	4.49	0.997	9/2		[252]
YNi <sub>2</sub> B <sub>2</sub> C		Fig. 1		15.9	3.21(2)	3.13	6.263	1/2		[253]
YNi <sub>2</sub> B <sub>2</sub> C		PL		16.1	3.75	3.76	6.263	3/5		[254]
YNiSi <sub>3</sub>		Text		1.36	0.33	0.332	0.997	1/3		[115]
YPtBi	#1	Fig. 3		0.77	159(1)	159.6	136.8	7/6		[255]
YPtBi	#3	Fig. 1			143(1)	143	859.8	1/6		
YPtBi		Fig. 1		1.05	689(4)	688	859.8	4/5	$\rho^{\text{xx}}$	[256]
YRh <sub>6</sub> Ge <sub>4</sub>	#1	Fig. 2b		$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	39.7(3)	39.1	136.8	2/7		[257]
YRh <sub>6</sub> Ge <sub>4</sub>	#3	Fig. 2a		$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	19.6(3)	19.5	136.8	1/7		
YSi		Text	17 22	$\rho_0$	1.55 4.86	1.57 4.87	6.263 6.263	1/4 7/9	I $\parallel$ (001) I $\parallel$ (100)	[258]
ZrB <sub>12</sub>		Fig. 3		6.03	1.79(1)	1.79	<b>6.263</b>	2/7		[259]
ZrRuAs		Fig. 1d		8.3	164(1)	164	136.8	6/5		[74]
ZrSiS		Text		$\rho_0$	0.052	0.0521	0.0456	8/7		[260]
ZrSiS		Fig. 1b	50	$\rho_0$	0.290(3)	0.285	0.997	2/7		[261]
ZrSiS		Text		$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	0.18 0.38	0.182 0.374	0.0456 0.997	4 3/8	I $\parallel$ (100) I $\parallel$ (110)	[262]
ZrZn <sub>2</sub>		PL		$\rho_0$	0.80	0.797	0.997	4/5		[263]
$\alpha$ -BiPd		Fig. 1a		4.10	0.360(2)	0.365	0.0456	8		[264]
$\alpha$ -PdBi <sub>2</sub>		Text		1.7	7	6.98	<b>0.997</b>	7		[265]
$\alpha$ -PdBi <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 2b		1.60	12.2(2)	12.5	6.263	2		[266]
$\alpha$ -PdBi <sub>2</sub>		Text		1.7	18	18.8	6.263	3		[267]
$\alpha$ -PdBi <sub>2</sub>		Fig. 2		2.5	18.4(2)					
$\alpha$ -RhSi		Text		$\rho_0^{\text{xx}}$	0.78	0.783	<b>6.263</b>	1/8		[268]
$\beta$ -Al <sub>3</sub> Mg <sub>2</sub>		Text		0.93	33.3	34.2	136.8	1/4		[269]
$\beta$ -Bi <sub>2</sub> Pd		Fig. 2c		5.4	5.0	5.01	6.263	4/5		[270]
$\beta$ -Bi <sub>2</sub> Pd		Text		5.0	22	21.9	6.263	7/2		[271]
$\beta$ -Bi <sub>2</sub> Pd		Fig. 1b		5.05	21.7(1)	21.9	6.263	7/2		[272]



**Table 1:** Fractional Quantization of the residual resistivity

single crystal item	info <sup>a)</sup>	RRR <sup>b)</sup>	$T_c^{\rho_{\text{onset}}}$ <sup>c)</sup> [K]	resistivity [ $\mu\Omega\text{cm}$ ]			fraction $\nu$	varia	ref
				measured <sup>d)</sup>	ansatz <sup>e)</sup>	quantum <sup>f)</sup>			
$\beta\text{-Bi}_2\text{Pd}$	Text		4.86	23	22.8	136.8	1/6		[273]
$\beta\text{-Bi}_2\text{Pd}$	Fig. 1b		5.3	32.0(4)	31.3	6.263	5		[274]
$\beta\text{-IrSn}_4$	Fig. 3a		1.03	3.13(4)	3.13	6.263	1/2		[275]
$\beta\text{-PtBi}_2$	Text		$\rho_0$	0.065	0.064	<b>0.0456</b>	7/5		[273]
$\beta\text{-YbAlB}_4$ #A	Text Fig. 4a		0.082	0.4 0.40(1)	0.40	0.997	2/5		[276]
$\beta\text{-YbAlB}_4$	Fig. 1a		0.097	0.422(1)	0.427	0.997	3/7		[277]
$\beta\text{-YbAlB}_4$	Fig. S5a		0.090	0.423(4)	0.427	0.997	3/7		[278]
$\beta\text{-YbAlB}_4$	Fig. 1		0.083	0.490(6)	0.498	0.997	1/2		[279]
$\beta\text{-YbAlB}_4$ #1	Fig. 1a		0.074	1.34(1)	1.33	0.997	4/3		[280]
$\beta\text{-YbAlB}_4$ #2			0.083	0.49(1)	0.50	0.997	1/2		

**Notes:**

- a) Information on how the measured residual resistivity  $\rho_0$  or  $\rho(T_c)$  was determined:  
Text the value is explicitly mentioned in the text.  
Figure the value was extracted from the figure using a ruler.  
FL the value was calculated using the parameters of the **Fermi Liquid** fitting function mentioned in the text.  
PL the value was calculated using the parameters of the **Power Law** fitting function mentioned in the text.  
BG the value was calculated using the parameters of the **Bloch Grüneisen** fitting function in the text.  
Gap the value was calculated using the parameters of the **Gap** fitting function mentioned in the text.
- b) If the residual resistivity ratio (RRR) is listed, RRR was used to calculate  $\rho_0$  or  $\rho(T_c)$  from  $\rho_{\text{Room Temperature}}$ .
- c) For a superconductor  $T_c^{\rho_{\text{onset}}}$  in Kelvin is listed; otherwise,  $\rho_0$  is indicated for differentiating.
- d) Unless otherwise stated, the measured resistivity refers to ambient pressure and a zero magnetic field. An estimate of the error associated with the extraction from the figure due to incorrect placement of the ruler is given in round brackets. This information is missing for a calculated value and for a value explicitly mentioned in the article.
- e) The ansatz is:  

$$\rho = \nu \rho_{\text{quantum}} \equiv \nu (h/q_e^2) \ell$$
with  $\ell \equiv \alpha \lambda_{e\_bar}$ ,  $\alpha \lambda_e$ ,  $\lambda_{e\_bar}$ ,  $\lambda_e$ ,  $\alpha^{-1} \lambda_{e\_bar}$ ,  $\alpha^{-1} \lambda_e$
- f) A bold value means the interpretation is ambiguous because more than one quantum is consistent with the experiment. For example, 0.997 (5/2) gives  $\approx 2.49 \mu\Omega\text{cm}$  and 6.263 (2/5) gives  $\approx 2.51 \mu\Omega\text{cm}$ , which in most cases cannot be distinguished experimentally.