

# Analyzing two Ramanujan equations: mathematical connections with various parameters of Particle Physics and Cosmology II

**Michele Nardelli<sup>1</sup>, Antonio Nardelli**

## **Abstract**

*The purpose of this paper is to show how using certain mathematical values and / or constants from two Ramanujan equations, some important parameters of Particle Physics and Cosmology are obtained.*

---

<sup>1</sup> M.Nardelli studied at Dipartimento di Scienze della Terra Università degli Studi di Napoli Federico II, Largo S. Marcellino, 10 - 80138 Napoli, Dipartimento di Matematica ed Applicazioni “R. Caccioppoli” - Università degli Studi di Napoli “Federico II” – Polo delle Scienze e delle Tecnologie Monte S. Angelo, Via Cintia (Fuorigrotta), 80126 Napoli, Italy



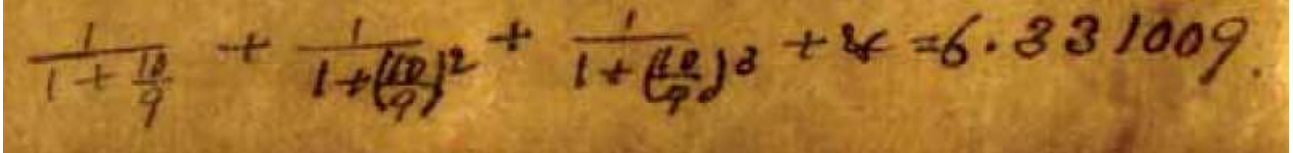
<https://apod.nasa.gov/apod/ap170510.html>



<https://wssrmnn.net/index.php/2017/01/23/man-saw-number-pi-dreams/>

From: **Manuscript Book 2 of Srinivasa Ramanujan**

Page 78



$$1/(1+10/9) + 1/(1+(10/9)^2) + 1/(1+(10/9)^3) + \dots$$

**Input interpretation:**

$$\frac{1}{1 + \frac{10}{9}} + \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{10}{9}\right)^2} + \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{10}{9}\right)^3} + \dots$$

**Infinite sum:**

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)^n + 1} = \frac{i \operatorname{Im}\left(\psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)\right)}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + \frac{\operatorname{Re}\left(\psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)\right)}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} - \frac{\log(10)}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}$$

$\log(x)$  is the natural logarithm

$\psi_q(z)$  gives the  $q$ -digamma function

$\operatorname{Im}(z)$  is the imaginary part of  $z$

$\operatorname{Re}(z)$  is the real part of  $z$

**Decimal approximation:**

6.331008692864745537718386879838180649341260412564743295777...

6.331008692...

**Convergence tests:**

By the ratio test, the series converges.

**Partial sum formula:**

$$\sum_{n=1}^m \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{10}{9}\right)^n} = \frac{\psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(-\frac{i\pi - \log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} - \frac{\psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(-\frac{i\pi - (m+1)\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}$$

**Alternate forms:**

$$\frac{\log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}$$

$$\frac{\log(10)}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + \frac{\psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}$$

$$\frac{-\log(10) + \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(\frac{-i\pi - 2\log(3) + \log(10)}{-2\log(3) + \log(10)}\right)}{\log(10) - 2\log(3)}$$

**Series representations:**

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{i \operatorname{Im}\left(\psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)\right)}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} - \frac{\log(10)}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + \frac{\operatorname{Re}\left(\psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)\right)}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} = \\ & - \left( \left( 2\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(10-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor - \operatorname{Im}\left(\psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{2i\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor + \log(x) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)^k x^{-k}}{k}\right)}\right) \right) \right) - \\ & i \log(x) + i \operatorname{Re}\left(\psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{2i\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor + \log(x) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)^k x^{-k}}{k}\right)}\right) \right) + \\ & \left. i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (10-x)^k x^{-k}}{k} \right) / \\ & \left( 2\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor - i \log(x) + i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)^k x^{-k}}{k} \right) \text{ for } x < 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{i \operatorname{Im} \left( \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i \pi}{\log \left( \frac{10}{9} \right)} \right) \right)}{\log \left( \frac{10}{9} \right)} - \frac{\log(10)}{\log \left( \frac{10}{9} \right)} + \frac{\operatorname{Re} \left( \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i \pi}{\log \left( \frac{10}{9} \right)} \right) \right)}{\log \left( \frac{10}{9} \right)} = \\
& - \left( \left( 2 \pi \left[ \frac{\pi - \arg \left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right) - \arg(z_0)}{2 \pi} \right] - \operatorname{Im} \left( \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i \pi}{\log \left( \frac{10}{9} \right)} \right) \right) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \frac{i \pi}{2 i \pi \left[ \frac{\pi - \arg \left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right) - \arg(z_0)}{2 \pi} \right] + \log(z_0) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left( \frac{10}{9} - z_0 \right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k}} \right) - i \log(z_0) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. i \operatorname{Re} \left( \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i \pi}{2 i \pi \left[ \frac{\pi - \arg \left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right) - \arg(z_0)}{2 \pi} \right] + \log(z_0) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left( \frac{10}{9} - z_0 \right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k}} \right) \right) \right) + \\
& \quad \left. i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (10 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right) / \\
& \quad \left( 2 \pi \left[ \frac{\pi - \arg \left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right) - \arg(z_0)}{2 \pi} \right] - i \log(z_0) + i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left( \frac{10}{9} - z_0 \right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{i \operatorname{Im} \left( \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i \pi}{\log \left( \frac{10}{9} \right)} \right) \right)}{\log \left( \frac{10}{9} \right)} - \frac{\log(10)}{\log \left( \frac{10}{9} \right)} + \frac{\operatorname{Re} \left( \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i \pi}{\log \left( \frac{10}{9} \right)} \right) \right)}{\log \left( \frac{10}{9} \right)} = \\
& \left( i \operatorname{Im} \left( \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left[ 1 - \frac{i \pi}{\log(z_0) + \left\lfloor \frac{\arg \left( \frac{10}{9} - z_0 \right)}{2 \pi} \right\rfloor \left( \log \left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right) + \log(z_0) \right) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left( \frac{10}{9} - z_0 \right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k}} \right] \right) - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(10 - z_0)}{2 \pi} \right\rfloor \log \left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right) - \log(z_0) - \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(10 - z_0)}{2 \pi} \right\rfloor \log(z_0) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \operatorname{Re} \left( \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left[ 1 - \frac{i \pi}{\log(z_0) + \left\lfloor \frac{\arg \left( \frac{10}{9} - z_0 \right)}{2 \pi} \right\rfloor \left( \log \left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right) + \log(z_0) \right) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left( \frac{10}{9} - z_0 \right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k}} \right] \right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (10 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right) / \\
& \quad \left( \left\lfloor \frac{\arg \left( \frac{10}{9} - z_0 \right)}{2 \pi} \right\rfloor \log \left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right) + \log(z_0) + \left\lfloor \frac{\arg \left( \frac{10}{9} - z_0 \right)}{2 \pi} \right\rfloor \log(z_0) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left( \frac{10}{9} - z_0 \right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

From the left-hand side of the above infinite sum:

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\left( \frac{10}{9} \right)^n + 1} = \frac{i \operatorname{Im} \left( \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i \pi}{\log \left( \frac{10}{9} \right)} \right) \right)}{\log \left( \frac{10}{9} \right)} + \frac{\operatorname{Re} \left( \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i \pi}{\log \left( \frac{10}{9} \right)} \right) \right)}{\log \left( \frac{10}{9} \right)} - \frac{\log(10)}{\log \left( \frac{10}{9} \right)}$$

We obtain:

$$\left( \left( \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\left( \frac{10}{9} \right)^n + 1} \right) \right)$$

**Infinite sum:**

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\left( \frac{10}{9} \right)^n + 1} = \frac{-\log(10) + \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i \pi}{\log \left( \frac{10}{9} \right)} \right)}{\log \left( \frac{10}{9} \right)}$$

$\log(x)$  is the natural logarithm

$\psi_q(z)$  gives the  $q$ -digamma function

### Decimal approximation:

6.331008692864745537718386879838180649341260412564743295777...

6.331008692...

### Convergence tests:

By the ratio test, the series converges.

### Partial sum formula:

$$\sum_{n=1}^m \frac{1}{\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)^n + 1} = \frac{\psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(-\frac{i\pi - \log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} - \frac{\psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(-\frac{i\pi - (m+1)\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}$$

### Alternate forms:

$$\frac{\log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}$$

$$-\frac{\log(10)}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + \frac{\psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}$$

$$\frac{-\log(10) + \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(\frac{-i\pi - 2\log(3) + \log(10)}{-2\log(3) + \log(10)}\right)}{\log(10) - 2\log(3)}$$

### Series representations:

$$\frac{-\log(10) + \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(\frac{10}{9})} \right)}{\log(\frac{10}{9})} = - \left( \left( 2\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(10-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor - i \log(x) + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. i \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{2i\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(\frac{10}{9}-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor + \log(x) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (\frac{10}{9}-x)^k x^{-k}}{k} \right) + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (10-x)^k x^{-k}}{k} \right) / \right. \\ \left. \left( 2\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(\frac{10}{9}-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor - i \log(x) + i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (\frac{10}{9}-x)^k x^{-k}}{k} \right) \right) \text{ for } x < 0$$

$$\frac{-\log(10) + \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(\frac{10}{9})} \right)}{\log(\frac{10}{9})} = - \left( \left( 2\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\pi - \arg(\frac{1}{z_0}) - \arg(z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor - i \log(z_0) + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. i \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{2i\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\pi - \arg(\frac{1}{z_0}) - \arg(z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor + \log(z_0) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (\frac{10}{9}-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right) + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (10-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right) / \right. \\ \left. \left( 2\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\pi - \arg(\frac{1}{z_0}) - \arg(z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor - i \log(z_0) + i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (\frac{10}{9}-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right) \right)$$



$$\frac{-\log(10) + \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right)}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} =$$

$$- \left( \left[ \frac{\arg(10 - z_0)}{2\pi} \right] \log\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) + \log(z_0) + \left[ \frac{\arg(10 - z_0)}{2\pi} \right] \log(z_0) - \right.$$

$$\left. \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left[ 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(z_0) + \left[ \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)}{2\pi} \right] \left( \log\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) + \log(z_0) \right) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right] - \right.$$

$$\left. \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (10 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right) / \left( \left[ \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)}{2\pi} \right] \log\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) + \right.$$

$$\left. \log(z_0) + \left[ \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)}{2\pi} \right] \log(z_0) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right)$$

from which, raising to the cube, we obtain:

$$\left( \left( \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)^n + 1} \right) \right)^3$$

**Input interpretation:**

$$\left( \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)^n + 1} \right)^3$$

**Result:**

$$\frac{\left( -\log(10) + \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \approx 253.757 - 1.05499 \times 10^{-12} i$$

**Input interpretation:**

$$253.757 - 1.05499 \times 10^{-12} i$$

*i* is the imaginary unit

**Result:**

$$253.757... -$$

$$1.05499... \times 10^{-12} i$$

**Polar coordinates:**

$r = 253.757$  (radius),  $\theta = -2.38206 \times 10^{-13}^\circ$  (angle)

253.757

$\log(x)$  is the natural logarithm  
 $\psi_q(z)$  gives the  $q$ -digamma function

**Alternate forms:**

$$\frac{\left(\log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)\right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}$$

$$\frac{\left(-\log(10) + \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(\frac{-i\pi - 2\log(3) + \log(10)}{-2\log(3) + \log(10)}\right)\right)^3}{(\log(10) - 2\log(3))^3}$$

$$-\frac{3\log(10)\psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)^2}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} +$$

$$\frac{\psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + \frac{3\log^2(10)\psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} - \frac{\log^3(10)}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}$$

Also from the following alternate form

$$\frac{\left(\log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)\right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}$$

We obtain:

$$-(\log(10) - \text{QPolyGamma}(0, 1 - (i\pi)/\log(10/9), 9/10))^3 / (\log^3(10/9))$$

**Input:**

$$\frac{\left(\log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)\right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}$$

$\log(x)$  is the natural logarithm  
 $\psi_q(z)$  gives the  $q$ -digamma function

$i$  is the imaginary unit

### Decimal approximation:

253.7574079632009128064137486425258441728755422819488870181...

253.7574079...

### Alternate forms:

$$\frac{\left(-\log(10) + \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(\frac{-i\pi - 2\log(3) + \log(10)}{-2\log(3) + \log(10)}\right)\right)^3}{(\log(10) - 2\log(3))^3}$$

$$- \frac{3\log(10)\psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)^2}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} +$$

$$\frac{\psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + \frac{3\log^2(10)\psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} - \frac{\log^3(10)}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{\left(-\psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right) + \log(2) + \log(5)\right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}$$

### Alternative representations:

$$- \frac{\left(\log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)\right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} = - \frac{\left(\log_e(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log_e\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)\right)^3}{\log_e^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{\left(\log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)\right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} = - \frac{\left(\log(a)\log_a(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(a)\log_a\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)\right)^3}{(\log(a)\log_a\left(\frac{10}{9}\right))^3}$$

$$- \frac{\left(\log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)\right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} = - \frac{\left(-\text{Li}_1(-9) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\text{Li}_1\left(1 - \frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)\right)^3}{\left(-\text{Li}_1\left(1 - \frac{10}{9}\right)\right)^3}$$

**Series representations:**

$$\begin{aligned}
 -\frac{\left(\log(10) - \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)\right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} &= -\left(\left(2\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(10-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor - i \log(x) + \right. \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \left. i \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{2i\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor + \log(x) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)^k x^{-k}}{k} \right) + \right. \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \left. i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (10-x)^k x^{-k}}{k} \right) \right)^3 / \\
 &\quad \left( 2\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor - i \log(x) + i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)^k x^{-k}}{k} \right)^3 \Bigg) \text{ for } x < 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 -\frac{\left(\log(10) - \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)\right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} &= -\left(\left(2\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\pi - \arg\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) - \arg(z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor - i \log(z_0) + \right. \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \left. i \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{2i\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\pi - \arg\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) - \arg(z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor + \log(z_0) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9}-z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right) + \right. \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \left. i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (10-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right) \right)^3 / \\
 &\quad \left( 2\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\pi - \arg\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) - \arg(z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor - i \log(z_0) + i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9}-z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right)^3 \Bigg)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} = \\
& - \left( \left[ \frac{\arg(10 - z_0)}{2\pi} \right] \log\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) + \log(z_0) + \left[ \frac{\arg(10 - z_0)}{2\pi} \right] \log(z_0) - \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{i\pi}{\log(z_0) + \left[ \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)}{2\pi} \right] \left( \log\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) + \log(z_0) \right) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k}} \right. \\
& \quad \left. \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (10 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right)^3 / \left( \left[ \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)}{2\pi} \right] \log\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \log(z_0) + \left[ \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)}{2\pi} \right] \log(z_0) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right)^3 \Bigg)
\end{aligned}$$

### Integral representations:

$$- \frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} = - \frac{\left( \int_1^{10} \frac{1}{t} dt - \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{\left( \int_1^{\frac{10}{9}} \frac{1}{t} dt \right)^3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} = \\
& - \frac{\left( \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{\varrho^{-s} \Gamma(-s)^2 \Gamma(1+s)}{\Gamma(1-s)} ds - 2i\pi \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 + \frac{2\pi^2}{\int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{\varrho^s \Gamma(-s)^2 \Gamma(1+s)}{\Gamma(1-s)} ds} \right) \right)^3}{\left( \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{\varrho^s \Gamma(-s)^2 \Gamma(1+s)}{\Gamma(1-s)} ds \right)^3} \quad \text{for } -1 < \gamma < 0
\end{aligned}$$

Multiplying by 1/2 and subtracting the value of the golden ratio, we obtain:

$1/2((-\log(10) - \text{QPolyGamma}(0, 1 - (i \pi)/\log(10/9), 9/10))^3/(\log^3(10/9))) - \text{golden ratio}$

**Input:**

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( - \frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i \pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) - \phi$$

$\log(x)$  is the natural logarithm

$\psi_q(z)$  gives the  $q$ -digamma function

$i$  is the imaginary unit

$\phi$  is the golden ratio

**Exact result:**

$$-\phi - \frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i \pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}$$

**Decimal approximation:**

125.2606699928505615550022874868972839687174619611686806469...

125.26066999.... result very near to the Higgs boson mass 125.18 GeV

**Alternate forms:**

$$-\phi + \frac{\left( -\log(10) + \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i \pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (-1 - \sqrt{5}) - \frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i \pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}$$

$$-\phi + \frac{\left( -\log(10) + \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( \frac{-i \pi - 2 \log(3) + \log(10)}{-2 \log(3) + \log(10)} \right) \right)^3}{2 (\log(10) - 2 \log(3))^3}$$

**Alternative representations:**

$$-\frac{\left(\log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)\right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)2} - \phi = -\phi - \frac{\left(\log_e(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log_e\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)\right)^3}{2\log_e^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}$$

$$-\frac{\left(\log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)\right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)2} - \phi = -\phi - \frac{\left(\log(a)\log_a(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(a)\log_a\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)\right)^3}{2\left(\log(a)\log_a\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)\right)^3}$$

$$-\frac{\left(\log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)\right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)2} - \phi = -\phi - \frac{\left(-\text{Li}_1(-9) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\text{Li}_1\left(1 - \frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)\right)^3}{2\left(-\text{Li}_1\left(1 - \frac{10}{9}\right)\right)^3}$$

**Series representations:**

$$-\frac{\left(\log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)\right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)2} - \phi = -\phi - \left(2i\pi\left[\frac{\arg(10-x)}{2\pi}\right] + \log(x) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{2i\pi\left[\frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)}{2\pi}\right] + \log(x) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)^k x^{-k}}{k}}\right)\right) - \left(\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (10-x)^k x^{-k}}{k}\right) / \left(2\left(2i\pi\left[\frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)}{2\pi}\right] + \log(x) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)^k x^{-k}}{k}\right)\right)^3 \text{ for } x < 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) 2} - \phi = \\
& - \phi - \left( \log(z_0) + \left[ \frac{\arg(10 - z_0)}{2\pi} \right] \left( \log\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) + \log(z_0) \right) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \right) \\
& \quad \left. \frac{1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(z_0) + \left[ \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)}{2\pi} \right] \left( \log\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) + \log(z_0) \right) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k}}{\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (10 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k}} \right)^3 / \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left( 2 \left( \log(z_0) + \left[ \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)}{2\pi} \right] \left( \log\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) + \log(z_0) \right) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right) \right)^3 \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) 2} - \phi = \\
& - \phi - \left( 2i\pi \left[ \frac{\pi - \arg\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) - \arg(z_0)}{2\pi} \right] + \log(z_0) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \right) 1 - \\
& \quad \left. \frac{i\pi}{2i\pi \left[ \frac{\pi - \arg\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) - \arg(z_0)}{2\pi} \right] + \log(z_0) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k}}{\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (10 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k}} \right)^3 / \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left( 2 \left( 2i\pi \left[ \frac{\pi - \arg\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) - \arg(z_0)}{2\pi} \right] + \log(z_0) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right) \right)^3 \right)
\end{aligned}$$



Multiplying the previous expression by 1/2 and adding 11, that is a Lucas number (and also the dimensions number of the M-theory) and the value of the golden ratio, we obtain:

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( -(\log(10) - \text{QPolyGamma}(0, 1 - (i \pi)/\log(10/9), 9/10))^3 / (\log^3(10/9)) \right) + 11 + \text{golden ratio}$$

**Input:**

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( - \frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i \pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) + 11 + \phi$$

$\log(x)$  is the natural logarithm

$\psi_q(z)$  gives the  $q$ -digamma function

$i$  is the imaginary unit

$\phi$  is the golden ratio

**Exact result:**

$$- \frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i \pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + \phi + 11$$

**Decimal approximation:**

139.4967379703503512514114611556285602041580803207802063712...

139.49673797.... result practically equal to the rest mass of Pion meson 139.57 MeV

**Alternate forms:**

$$\frac{\left( -\log(10) + \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i \pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + \phi + 11$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (23 + \sqrt{5}) - \frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i \pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}$$

$$\frac{1}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \left( 3 \log^2(10) \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) - 3 \log(10) \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right)^2 + \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right)^3 + 23 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) + \sqrt{5} \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) - \log^3(10) \right)$$

**Alternative representations:**

$$-\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) 2} + 11 + \phi = 11 + \phi - \frac{\left( \log_e(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log_e\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log_e^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}$$

$$-\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) 2} + 11 + \phi = 11 + \phi - \frac{\left( \log(a) \log_a(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(a) \log_a\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \left( \log(a) \log_a\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) \right)^3}$$

$$-\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) 2} + 11 + \phi = 11 + \phi - \frac{\left( -\text{Li}_1(-9) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\text{Li}_1\left(1 - \frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \left( -\text{Li}_1\left(1 - \frac{10}{9}\right) \right)^3}$$

**Series representations:**

$$-\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) 2} + 11 + \phi = 11 + \phi - \left( 2 i \pi \left[ \frac{\arg(10-x)}{2\pi} \right] + \log(x) - \frac{\psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{2 i \pi \left[ \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)}{2\pi} \right] + \log(x) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)^k x^{-k}}{k} \right)}{\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (10-x)^k x^{-k}}{k}} \right)^3 / \left( 2 \left( 2 i \pi \left[ \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)}{2\pi} \right] + \log(x) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)^k x^{-k}}{k} \right)^3 \right) \text{ for } x < 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) 2} + 11 + \phi = \\
& 11 + \phi - \left( \log(z_0) + \left[ \frac{\arg(10 - z_0)}{2\pi} \right] \left( \log\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) + \log(z_0) \right) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(z_0) + \left[ \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)}{2\pi} \right] \left( \log\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) + \log(z_0) \right) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k}} \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (10 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right)^3 / \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left( 2 \left( \log(z_0) + \left[ \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)}{2\pi} \right] \left( \log\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) + \log(z_0) \right) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right)^3 \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) 2} + 11 + \phi = \\
& 11 + \phi - \left( 2i\pi \left[ \frac{\pi - \arg\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) - \arg(z_0)}{2\pi} \right] + \log(z_0) - \right. \\
& \quad \left( \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{2i\pi \left[ \frac{\pi - \arg\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) - \arg(z_0)}{2\pi} \right] + \log(z_0) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k}} \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (10 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right)^3 / \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left( 2 \left( 2i\pi \left[ \frac{\pi - \arg\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) - \arg(z_0)}{2\pi} \right] + \log(z_0) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right)^3 \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Adding 11, that is a Lucas number and subtracting the value of the conjugate of the golden ratio, we obtain from the previous expression:

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( -(\log(10) - \text{QPolyGamma}(0, 1 - (i \pi)/\log(10/9), 9/10))^3 / (\log^3(10/9)) \right) + 11 - \frac{1}{\phi}$$

**Input:**

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( - \frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i \pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) + 11 - \frac{1}{\phi}$$

$\log(x)$  is the natural logarithm

$\psi_q(z)$  gives the  $q$ -digamma function

$i$  is the imaginary unit

$\phi$  is the golden ratio

**Exact result:**

$$- \frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i \pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} - \frac{1}{\phi} + 11$$

**Decimal approximation:**

137.2606699928505615550022874868972839687174619611686806469...

137.2606699928....

This result is very near to the inverse of fine-structure constant 137,035

**Alternate forms:**

$$\frac{1}{2} (23 - \sqrt{5}) - \frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i \pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{3 \log(10) \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(\frac{10}{9})}\right)^2}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + \frac{\psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(\frac{10}{9})}\right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + \\
& \frac{3 \log^2(10) \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(\frac{10}{9})}\right)}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + 11 - \frac{2}{1 + \sqrt{5}} - \frac{\log^3(10)}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \\
& \frac{1}{2(1 + \sqrt{5}) \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \left( 3 \log^2(10) \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(\frac{10}{9})}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad 3 \sqrt{5} \log^2(10) \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(\frac{10}{9})}\right) - 3 \log(10) \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(\frac{10}{9})}\right)^2 - \\
& \quad 3 \sqrt{5} \log(10) \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(\frac{10}{9})}\right)^2 + \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(\frac{10}{9})}\right)^3 + \sqrt{5} \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(\frac{10}{9})}\right)^3 + \\
& \quad \left. 18 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) + 22 \sqrt{5} \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) - \log^3(10) - \sqrt{5} \log^3(10) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

**Alternative representations:**

$$-\frac{\left(\log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(\frac{10}{9})}\right)\right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) 2} + 11 - \frac{1}{\phi} = 11 - \frac{1}{\phi} - \frac{\left(\log_e(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log_e(\frac{10}{9})}\right)\right)^3}{2 \log_e^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{\left(\log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(\frac{10}{9})}\right)\right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) 2} + 11 - \frac{1}{\phi} = \\
& 11 - \frac{1}{\phi} - \frac{\left(\log(a) \log_a(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(a) \log_a(\frac{10}{9})}\right)\right)^3}{2 \left(\log(a) \log_a\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)\right)^3}
\end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{\left(\log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(\frac{10}{9})}\right)\right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) 2} + 11 - \frac{1}{\phi} = 11 - \frac{1}{\phi} - \frac{\left(-\text{Li}_1(-9) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left(1 - \frac{i\pi}{\text{Li}_1\left(1 - \frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)\right)^3}{2 \left(-\text{Li}_1\left(1 - \frac{10}{9}\right)\right)^3}$$

**Series representations:**

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) 2} + 11 - \frac{1}{\phi} = 11 - \frac{1}{\phi} - \left( 2i\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(10-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor + \log(x) - \right. \\
 & \left. \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{2i\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor + \log(x) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)^k x^{-k}}{k} \right) - \right. \\
 & \left. \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (10-x)^k x^{-k}}{k} \right)^3 / \\
 & \left( 2 \left( 2i\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor + \log(x) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)^k x^{-k}}{k} \right)^3 \right) \text{ for } x < 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) 2} + 11 - \frac{1}{\phi} = \\
 & 11 - \frac{1}{\phi} - \left( \log(z_0) + \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(10-z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor \left( \log\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) + \log(z_0) \right) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(z_0) + \left\lfloor \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9}-z_0\right)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor \left( \log\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) + \log(z_0) \right) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9}-z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right) - \right. \\
 & \left. \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (10-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right)^3 / \\
 & \left( 2 \left( \log(z_0) + \left\lfloor \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9}-z_0\right)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor \left( \log\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) + \log(z_0) \right) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9}-z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right)^3 \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) 2} + 11 - \frac{1}{\phi} = \\
& 11 - \frac{1}{\phi} - \left( 2i\pi \left[ \frac{\pi - \arg\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) - \arg(z_0)}{2\pi} \right] + \log(z_0) - \right. \\
& \left. \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{2i\pi \left[ \frac{\pi - \arg\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) - \arg(z_0)}{2\pi} \right] + \log(z_0) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k}} \right) - \right. \\
& \left. \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (10 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right)^3 / \\
& \left( 2 \left( 2i\pi \left[ \frac{\pi - \arg\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) - \arg(z_0)}{2\pi} \right] + \log(z_0) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right)^3 \right)
\end{aligned}$$

From the previous expression, (multiplying by 1/2, adding 2 and subtracting the value of the golden ratio) multiplying for 27\*1/2 and adding 11, we obtain:

$$27 \times \frac{1}{2} \times \left( \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( -(\log(10) - \text{QPolyGamma}(0, 1 - (i\pi)/\log(10/9), 9/10))^3 / (\log^3(10/9)) \right) + 2 - \phi \right) \right) + 11$$

**Input:**

$$27 \times \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( - \frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + 2 - \phi \right) + 11 \right)$$

$\log(x)$  is the natural logarithm

$\psi_q(z)$  gives the  $q$ -digamma function

$i$  is the imaginary unit

$\phi$  is the golden ratio

**Exact result:**

$$11 + \frac{27}{2} \left( -\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} - \phi + 2 \right)$$

**Decimal approximation:**

1729.019044903482580992530881073113333577685736475777188733...

1729.0190449....

This result is very near to the mass of candidate glueball  $f_0(1710)$  meson. Furthermore, 1728 occurs in the algebraic formula for the  $j$ -invariant of an elliptic curve. As a consequence, it is sometimes called a Zagier as a pun on the Gross–Zagier theorem. The number 1728 is one less than the Hardy–Ramanujan number 1729 (taxicab number)

**Alternate forms:**

$$11 + \frac{27}{2} \left( \frac{\left( -\log(10) + \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} - \phi + 2 \right)$$

$$11 + \frac{27}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} (3 - \sqrt{5}) - \frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right)$$

$$-\frac{1}{4 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \left( -81 \log^2(10) \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) + 81 \log(10) \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right)^2 - \right. \\ \left. 27 \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right)^3 - 125 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) + 27 \sqrt{5} \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) + 27 \log^3(10) \right)$$



**Alternative representations:**

$$\frac{27}{2} \left( -\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + 2 - \phi \right) + 11 =$$

$$11 + \frac{27}{2} \left( 2 - \phi - \frac{\left( \log_e(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log_e\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log_e^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right)$$

$$\frac{27}{2} \left( -\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + 2 - \phi \right) + 11 =$$

$$11 + \frac{27}{2} \left( 2 - \phi - \frac{\left( \log(a) \log_a(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(a) \log_a\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \left( \log(a) \log_a\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) \right)^3} \right)$$

$$\frac{27}{2} \left( -\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + 2 - \phi \right) + 11 =$$

$$11 + \frac{27}{2} \left( 2 - \phi - \frac{\left( -\text{Li}_1(-9) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\text{Li}_1\left(1 - \frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \left( -\text{Li}_1\left(1 - \frac{10}{9}\right) \right)^3} \right)$$

**Series representations:**

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{27}{2} \left( -\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + 2 - \phi \right) + 11 = \\
& 11 + \frac{27}{2} \left( 2 - \phi - \left( 2i\pi \left[ \frac{\arg(10-x)}{2\pi} \right] + \log(x) - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{2i\pi \left[ \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)}{2\pi} \right] + \log(x) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)^k x^{-k}}{k} \right)} \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (10-x)^k x^{-k}}{k} \right)^3 / \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left( 2 \left( 2i\pi \left[ \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)}{2\pi} \right] + \log(x) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)^k x^{-k}}{k} \right)^3 \right) \right) \text{ for } x < 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{27}{2} \left( -\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + 2 - \phi \right) + 11 = \\
& 11 + \frac{27}{2} \left( 2 - \phi - \left( \log(z_0) + \left[ \frac{\arg(10-z_0)}{2\pi} \right] \right) \left( \log\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) + \log(z_0) \right) - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - (i\pi) / \left( \log(z_0) + \left[ \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9}-z_0\right)}{2\pi} \right] \right) \left( \log\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) + \log(z_0) \right) - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9}-z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right) \right) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (10-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right)^3 / \\
& \quad \left( 2 \left( \log(z_0) + \left[ \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9}-z_0\right)}{2\pi} \right] \right) \left( \log\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) + \log(z_0) \right) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9}-z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right)^3 \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{27}{2} \left( - \frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + 2 - \phi \right) + 11 = \\
& 11 + \frac{27}{2} \left( 2 - \phi - \left( 2 i \pi \left[ \frac{\pi - \arg\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) - \arg(z_0)}{2 \pi} \right] + \log(z_0) - \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i \pi}{2 i \pi \left[ \frac{\pi - \arg\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) - \arg(z_0)}{2 \pi} \right] + \log(z_0) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right)} \right) \right. \\
& \left. \left. \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (10 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right)^3 / \right. \\
& \left. \left( 2 \left( 2 i \pi \left[ \frac{\pi - \arg\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) - \arg(z_0)}{2 \pi} \right] + \log(z_0) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right)^3 \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Performing the 15<sup>th</sup> root, we obtain, from the above expression:

$$\left( \left( \left( \left( 27 \times \frac{1}{2} \times \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( - \frac{\left( \log(10) - \text{QPolyGamma}\left(0, 1 - \frac{i \pi}{\log(10/9)}\right)\right)^3}{\log^3(10/9)} + 2 - \text{golden ratio} \right) + 11 \right) \right)^3 / \left( \log^3(10/9) \right) \right) + 2 - \text{golden ratio} \right) + 11 \right)^{1/15}$$

**Input:**

$$\sqrt[15]{27 \times \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( - \frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i \pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + 2 - \phi \right) + 11 \right)}$$

$\log(x)$  is the natural logarithm

$\psi_q(z)$  gives the  $q$ -digamma function

$i$  is the imaginary unit

$\phi$  is the golden ratio

**Exact result:**

$$\sqrt[15]{11 + \frac{27}{2} \left( -\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} - \phi + 2 \right)}$$

**Decimal approximation:**

1.643816435848841926428094398783167607786769365141734047364...

$$1.643816435... \approx \zeta(2) = \frac{\pi^2}{6} = 1.644934 ...$$

**Alternate forms:**

$$\frac{1}{2^{2/15} \sqrt[5]{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}} \left( \left( 81 \log^2(10) \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) - \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. 81 \log(10) \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^2 + 27 \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3 + \\ \left. 125 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) - 27 \sqrt{5} \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) - 27 \log^3(10) \right)^{\wedge (1/15)} \\ \left( -\frac{81 \log(10) \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right)^2}{4 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + \frac{27 \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right)^3}{4 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + \frac{81 \log^2(10) \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right)}{4 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + \right. \\ \left. 11 - \frac{27(-3 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) + \sqrt{5} \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) + \log^3(10))}{4 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right)^{\wedge (1/15)}$$

$$\left( \left( 81 \log^2(10) \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( \frac{-i\pi - 2 \log(3) + \log(10)}{-2 \log(3) + \log(10)} \right) - 81 \log(10) \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( \frac{-i\pi - 2 \log(3) + \log(10)}{-2 \log(3) + \log(10)} \right) \right)^2 + \right. \\ \left. 27 \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( \frac{-i\pi - 2 \log(3) + \log(10)}{-2 \log(3) + \log(10)} \right) \right)^3 - 54 \phi (\log(10) - 2 \log(3))^3 + \\ 125 \log^3(2) - 1216 \log^3(3) + 125 \log^3(5) - \\ 3 \log^2(2) (304 \log(3) - 125 \log(5)) + 1824 \log^2(3) \log(5) - 912 \log(3) \log^2(5) + \\ 3 \log(2) (608 \log^2(3) + 125 \log^2(5) - 608 \log(3) \log(5)) \right)^{\wedge} \\ (1/15) \Big/ \left( 2^{2/15} \sqrt[5]{\log(10) - 2 \log(3)} \right)$$

**Expanded form:**

$$\sqrt[15]{11 + \frac{27}{2} \left( -\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + 2 + \frac{1}{2}(-1 - \sqrt{5}) \right)}$$

and subtracting  $(29-4+1/2)/10^3$ , we obtain:

$$\left( \left( \left( 27 \times \frac{1}{2} \times \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{\left( \log(10) - \text{QPolyGamma}\left(0, 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(10/9)}, 9/10\right)\right)^3}{\log^3(10/9)} \right) + 2 - \text{golden ratio} \right) \right) + 11 \right) \right)^{1/15} - (29-4+1/2) \times 1/10^3$$

**Input:**

$$\sqrt[15]{27 \times \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + 2 - \phi \right) + 11 - \left( 29 - 4 + \frac{1}{2} \right) \times \frac{1}{10^3} \right)}$$

$\log(x)$  is the natural logarithm

$\psi_q(z)$  gives the  $q$ -digamma function

$i$  is the imaginary unit

$\phi$  is the golden ratio

**Exact result:**

$$-\frac{51}{2000} + \sqrt[15]{11 + \frac{27}{2} \left( -\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} - \phi + 2 \right)}$$

**Decimal approximation:**

1.618316435848841926428094398783167607786769365141734047364...

1.618316435.... result that is a very good approximation to the value of the golden ratio 1,618033988749...

**Alternate forms:**

$$-\frac{51}{2000} + \frac{1}{2^{2/15} \sqrt[5]{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}} \left( \left( 81 \log^2(10) \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) - 81 \log(10) \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^2 + 27 \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right)^3 + 125 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) - 27 \sqrt{5} \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) - 27 \log^3(10) \right)^{(1/15)}$$

$$\frac{1}{2000 \sqrt[5]{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}} \left( -51 \sqrt[5]{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + 1000 \times 2^{13/15} \left( 81 \log^2(10) \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) - 81 \log(10) \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right)^2 + 27 \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right)^3 + 125 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) - 27 \sqrt{5} \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) - 27 \log^3(10) \right)^{(1/15)}$$

$$-\frac{51}{2000} + \left( \left( 81 \log^2(10) \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( \frac{-i\pi - 2 \log(3) + \log(10)}{-2 \log(3) + \log(10)} \right) - 81 \log(10) \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( \frac{-i\pi - 2 \log(3) + \log(10)}{-2 \log(3) + \log(10)} \right) \right)^2 + 27 \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( \frac{-i\pi - 2 \log(3) + \log(10)}{-2 \log(3) + \log(10)} \right)^3 - 54 \phi(\log(10) - 2 \log(3))^3 + 125 \log^3(2) - 1216 \log^3(3) + 125 \log^3(5) - 3 \log^2(2) (304 \log(3) - 125 \log(5)) + 1824 \log^2(3) \log(5) - 912 \log(3) \log^2(5) + 3 \log(2) (608 \log^2(3) + 125 \log^2(5) - 608 \log(3) \log(5)) \right)^{(1/15)} / \left( 2^{2/15} \sqrt[5]{\log(10) - 2 \log(3)} \right)$$

**Expanded form:**

$$-\frac{51}{2000} + \sqrt[15]{11 + \frac{27}{2} \left( -\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + 2 + \frac{1}{2} (-1 - \sqrt{5}) \right)}$$

**Alternative representations:**

$$\sqrt[15]{\frac{27}{2} \left( -\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + 2 - \phi \right) + 11 - \frac{29 - 4 + \frac{1}{2}}{10^3} =$$

$$-\frac{51}{2 \times 10^3} + \sqrt[15]{11 + \frac{27}{2} \left( 2 - \phi - \frac{\left( \log_e(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log_e\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log_e^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right)}$$

$$\sqrt[15]{\frac{27}{2} \left( -\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + 2 - \phi \right) + 11 - \frac{29 - 4 + \frac{1}{2}}{10^3} =$$

$$-\frac{51}{2 \times 10^3} + \sqrt[15]{11 + \frac{27}{2} \left( 2 - \phi - \frac{\left( \log(a) \log_a(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(a) \log_a\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \left( \log(a) \log_a\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) \right)^3} \right)}$$

$$\sqrt[15]{\frac{27}{2} \left( -\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + 2 - \phi \right) + 11 - \frac{29 - 4 + \frac{1}{2}}{10^3} =$$

$$-\frac{51}{2 \times 10^3} + \sqrt[15]{11 + \frac{27}{2} \left( 2 - \phi - \frac{\left( -\text{Li}_1(-9) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\text{Li}_1\left(1 - \frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \left( -\text{Li}_1\left(1 - \frac{10}{9}\right) \right)^3} \right)}$$

**Series representations:**

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \sqrt[15]{\frac{27}{2} \left( -\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + 2 - \phi \right) + 11 - \frac{29 - 4 + \frac{1}{2}}{10^3} =} \\
 & -\frac{51}{2000} + \left( 11 + \frac{27}{2} \left( 2 + \frac{1}{2} (-1 - \sqrt{5}) - \left( 2i\pi \left[ \frac{\arg(10-x)}{2\pi} \right] + \log(x) - \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. \left. \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{2i\pi \left[ \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)}{2\pi} \right] + \log(x) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)^k x^{-k}}{k} \right) \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. \left. \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (10-x)^k x^{-k}}{k} \right)^3 \right) / \left( 2 \left( 2i\pi \left[ \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)}{2\pi} \right] + \log(x) - \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. \left. \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9}-x\right)^k x^{-k}}{k} \right)^3 \right) \right) \right) \wedge (1/15) \text{ for } x < 0
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt[15]{\frac{27}{2} \left( -\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + 2 - \phi \right) + 11 - \frac{29 - 4 + \frac{1}{2}}{10^3} =} \\
& -\frac{51}{2000} + \left( 11 + \frac{27}{2} \left( 2 + \frac{1}{2} (-1 - \sqrt{5}) - \left( \log(z_0) + \left[ \frac{\arg(10 - z_0)}{2\pi} \right] \left( \log\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) + \log(z_0) \right) - \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - (i\pi) / \left( \log(z_0) + \left[ \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)}{2\pi} \right] \left( \log\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) + \log(z_0) \right) - \right. \right. \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \quad \left. \left. \left. \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right) \right) \right) - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (10 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right)^3 / \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. \left( 2 \left( \log(z_0) + \left[ \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)}{2\pi} \right] \left( \log\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) + \log(z_0) \right) - \right. \right. \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \quad \left. \left. \left. \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right)^3 \right) \right) \right) \right) \wedge (1/15)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt[15]{\frac{27}{2} \left( -\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + 2 - \phi \right) + 11 - \frac{29 - 4 + \frac{1}{2}}{10^3} =} \\
& -\frac{51}{2000} + \left( 11 + \frac{27}{2} \left( 2 + \frac{1}{2}(-1 - \sqrt{5}) - \left[ 2i\pi \left[ \frac{\pi - \arg\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) - \arg(z_0)}{2\pi} \right] \right) \right) + \right. \\
& \left. \log(z_0) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{2i\pi \left[ \frac{\pi - \arg\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) - \arg(z_0)}{2\pi} \right] + \log(z_0) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right) \right) - \right. \\
& \left. \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (10 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right)^3 / \left( 2 \left[ 2i\pi \left[ \frac{\pi - \arg\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) - \arg(z_0)}{2\pi} \right] + \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \log(z_0) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right] \right)^3 \Bigg) \Bigg) \Bigg) \Bigg) \Bigg) \wedge (1/15)
\end{aligned}$$

From the previous expression:

$$\sqrt[15]{27 \times \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + 2 - \phi \right) + 11 \right)}$$

Adding  $(29-2+\text{golden ratio})/10^3$ , we obtain:

$$\begin{aligned}
& 1/10^{27}((((((((27*1/2*(((1/2((-log(10) - QPolyGamma(0, 1 - (i \pi)/log(10/9), \\
& 9/10))^3/(log^3(10/9))))+2-golden ratio))))+11))))^1/15 + (29-2+golden \\
& ratio)*1/10^3))
\end{aligned}$$

**Input:**

$$\frac{1}{10^{27}} \left( \sqrt[15]{27 \times \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) + 2 - \phi \right) + 11 + (29 - 2 + \phi) \times \frac{1}{10^3} \right)$$

$\log(x)$  is the natural logarithm

$\psi_q(z)$  gives the  $q$ -digamma function

$i$  is the imaginary unit

$\phi$  is the golden ratio

**Exact result:**

$$\frac{\frac{\phi+27}{1000} + \sqrt[15]{11 + \frac{27}{2} \left( -\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} - \phi + 2 \right)}}{1\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000}$$

**Decimal approximation:**

1.6724344698375918212762989856175332459044896743215398...  $\times 10^{-27}$

1.6724344698...  $\times 10^{-27}$  result practically equal to the proton mass

**Alternate forms:**

$$\frac{\frac{55+\sqrt{5}}{2000} + \sqrt[15]{11 + \frac{27}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} (3 - \sqrt{5}) - \frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right)}}{1\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000} + \frac{27 + \frac{1}{2} (1 + \sqrt{5})}{1\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000} + \left( \left( 81 \log^2(10) \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) - 81 \log(10) \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^2 + 27 \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right)^3 + 125 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) - 27 \sqrt{5} \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) - 27 \log^3(10) \right)^{\wedge} (1/15) \Big/ \left( 1\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000 \times 2^{2/15} \sqrt[5]{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right)$$

$$\left( 1000 \times 2^{13/15} \left( 81 \log^2(10) \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(\frac{10}{9})} \right) - 81 \log(10) \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(\frac{10}{9})} \right) \right)^2 + 27 \right. \\
\left. \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(\frac{10}{9})} \right) \right)^3 + 125 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) - 27 \sqrt{5} \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) - 27 \log^3(10) \Bigg)^{\wedge} \\
(1/15) + 55 \sqrt[5]{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + \sqrt{5} \sqrt[5]{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \Bigg) / \\
\left( 200 \sqrt[5]{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right)$$

**Expanded form:**

$$\sqrt[15]{ \frac{11 + \frac{27}{2} \left( - \frac{\left( \frac{\log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(\frac{10}{9})} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + 2 + \frac{1}{2}(-1 - \sqrt{5}) \right)}{1000} } + \frac{4000}{1} + \frac{4000}{\sqrt{5}} }$$

**Alternative representations:**

$$\sqrt[15]{ \frac{\frac{27}{2} \left( - \frac{\left( \frac{\log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(\frac{10}{9})} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + 2 - \phi \right) + 11 + \frac{29-2+\phi}{10^3}}{10^{27}} } = \frac{\frac{27+\phi}{10^3} + \sqrt[15]{ \frac{11 + \frac{27}{2} \left( 2 - \phi - \frac{\left( \frac{\log_e(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log_e\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log_e^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right)}{10^{27}} } }{10^{27}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[15]{\frac{27}{2} \left( -\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + 2 - \phi \right) + 11 + \frac{29-2+\phi}{10^3}}}{10^{27}} =$$

$$\frac{\frac{27+\phi}{10^3} + \sqrt[15]{\frac{11 + \frac{27}{2} \left( 2 - \phi - \frac{\left( \log(\alpha) \log_{\alpha}(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(\alpha) \log_{\alpha}\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \left( \log(\alpha) \log_{\alpha}\left(\frac{10}{9}\right) \right)^3} \right)}{10^{27}}}}{10^{27}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[15]{\frac{27}{2} \left( -\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + 2 - \phi \right) + 11 + \frac{29-2+\phi}{10^3}}}{10^{27}} =$$

$$\frac{\frac{27+\phi}{10^3} + \sqrt[15]{\frac{11 + \frac{27}{2} \left( 2 - \phi - \frac{\left( -\text{Li}_1(-9) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\text{Li}_1\left(1 - \frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{2 \left( -\text{Li}_1\left(1 - \frac{10}{9}\right) \right)^3} \right)}{10^{27}}}}{10^{27}}$$

From the first expression, multiplying by 1/6 and adding 5/10<sup>2</sup> and 5/10<sup>4</sup>, and again multiplying all the expression by 1/10<sup>52</sup>, we obtain:

$$\frac{1}{10^{52}} \left( \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{\left( \log(10) - \text{QPolyGamma}\left(0, 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)\right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + 2 - \phi \right) + 11 + \frac{29-2+\phi}{10^3} \right) + \frac{5}{10^2} + \frac{5}{10^4} \right)$$

**Input:**

$$\frac{1}{10^{52}} \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{\left( \log(10) - \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right) \right)^3}{\log^3\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + 2 - \phi \right) + \frac{5}{10^2} + \frac{5}{10^4} \right)$$

log(x) is the natural logarithm





$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\frac{\log(10) - \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} \right)}{10} + \frac{5}{10^2} + \frac{5}{10^4}}{6 \log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} = \\
& - \left( 1394 \pi \left[ \frac{\pi - \arg\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) - \arg(z_0)}{2\pi} \right] - 697 i \log(z_0) + 1000 i \right. \\
& \quad \left. \psi_{\frac{10}{9}}^{(0)} \left[ 1 - \frac{i\pi}{2 i \pi \left[ \frac{\pi - \arg\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) - \arg(z_0)}{2\pi} \right] + \log(z_0) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k}} \right] - \right. \\
& \quad \left. 303 i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} + 1000 i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (10 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right) / \\
& \left( 60\,000 \right. \\
& \quad \left( 2\pi \left[ \frac{\pi - \arg\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) - \arg(z_0)}{2\pi} \right] - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. i \log(z_0) + i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{\frac{\log(10)-\psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)}\left(1-\frac{i\pi}{\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)}\right)}{6\log\left(\frac{10}{9}\right)} + \frac{5}{10^2} + \frac{5}{10^4}}{10^{52}} = \\
& -\left( -303 \left[ \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)}{2\pi} \right] \log\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) + 1000 \left[ \frac{\arg(10 - z_0)}{2\pi} \right] \log\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) + 697 \log(z_0) - \right. \\
& \left. 303 \left[ \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)}{2\pi} \right] \log(z_0) + 1000 \left[ \frac{\arg(10 - z_0)}{2\pi} \right] \log(z_0) - 1000 \psi_{\frac{9}{10}}^{(0)} \left( 1 - \frac{i\pi}{\log(z_0) + \left[ \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)}{2\pi} \right] \left( \log\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) + \log(z_0) \right) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right) \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. + 303 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} - 1000 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (10 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right) / \right. \\
& \left. \left( 60\,000 \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left( \left[ \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)}{2\pi} \right] \log\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) + \log(z_0) + \left[ \frac{\arg\left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)}{2\pi} \right] \log(z_0) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{10}{9} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k} \right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$



$$3/(16\pi^2) * (((1/(1\sqrt{1}) + 1/(4\sqrt{2}) + 1/(9\sqrt{3}) + 1/(16\sqrt{4}) + 1/(25\sqrt{5}) + 1/(36\sqrt{6}) + 1/(49\sqrt{7}) + 1/(64\sqrt{8}))))$$

**Input:**

$$\frac{3}{16\pi^2} \left( \frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}} \right)$$

**Result:**

$$\frac{3 \left( \frac{33}{32} + \frac{33}{128\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} \right)}{16\pi^2}$$

**Decimal approximation:**

0.024975228456987917321331718174344522231879005710200746494...

0.0249752284...

**Property:**

$$\frac{3 \left( \frac{33}{32} + \frac{33}{128\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} \right)}{16\pi^2} \text{ is a transcendental number}$$

**Alternate forms:**

$$\frac{1}{1580544000\pi^2} \left( 305613000 + 38201625\sqrt{2} + 10976000\sqrt{3} + 2370816\sqrt{5} + 1372000\sqrt{6} + 864000\sqrt{7} \right)$$

$$\frac{3}{400\sqrt{5}\pi^2} + \frac{3}{784\sqrt{7}\pi^2} + \frac{(8 + \sqrt{2})(891 + 32\sqrt{3})}{36864\pi^2}$$

$$\frac{\frac{99}{512} + \frac{99}{2048\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{48\sqrt{3}} + \frac{3}{400\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{192\sqrt{6}} + \frac{3}{784\sqrt{7}}}{\pi^2}$$

**Series representations:**

$$\frac{\left(\frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}}\right)3}{16\pi^2} =$$

$$\frac{3}{16\pi^2} + \frac{3}{64\pi^2} + \frac{3}{48\pi^2} + \frac{3}{400\pi^2} + \frac{3}{784\pi^2} + \frac{3}{1024\pi^2} +$$

$$\frac{16\pi^2 \sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (1-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}}{1} + \frac{64\pi^2 \sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (2-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}}{3} +$$

$$\frac{48\pi^2 \sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (3-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}}{3} + \frac{256\pi^2 \sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (4-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}}{1} +$$

$$\frac{400\pi^2 \sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (5-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}}{3} + \frac{192\pi^2 \sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (6-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}}{3} +$$

$$\frac{784\pi^2 \sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (7-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}}{3} + \frac{1024\pi^2 \sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (8-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}}{3}$$

for not  $((z_0 \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } -\infty < z_0 \leq 0))$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}}\right)3}{16\pi^2} =$$

$$\frac{3}{16\pi^2} + \frac{3}{64\pi^2} + \frac{3}{48\pi^2} + \frac{3}{400\pi^2} + \frac{3}{784\pi^2} + \frac{3}{1024\pi^2} +$$

$$\frac{16\pi^2 \exp\left(i\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\text{arg}(1-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (1-x)^k x^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}}{3} +$$

$$\frac{64\pi^2 \exp\left(i\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\text{arg}(2-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (2-x)^k x^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}}{1} +$$

$$\frac{48\pi^2 \exp\left(i\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\text{arg}(3-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (3-x)^k x^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}}{3} +$$

$$\frac{256\pi^2 \exp\left(i\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\text{arg}(4-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (4-x)^k x^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}}{3} +$$

$$\frac{400\pi^2 \exp\left(i\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\text{arg}(5-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (5-x)^k x^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}}{1} +$$

$$\frac{192\pi^2 \exp\left(i\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\text{arg}(6-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (6-x)^k x^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}}{3} +$$

$$\frac{784\pi^2 \exp\left(i\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\text{arg}(7-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (7-x)^k x^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}}{3} +$$

$$\frac{1024\pi^2 \exp\left(i\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\text{arg}(8-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (8-x)^k x^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}}{3}$$

for  $(x \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } x < 0)$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left( \frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}} \right) 3 \\
& \frac{16\pi^2}{3 \left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right)^{-1/2 [\text{arg}(1-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\text{arg}(1-z_0)/(2\pi)])}} + \\
& \frac{16\pi^2 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (1-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}}{3 \left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right)^{-1/2 [\text{arg}(2-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\text{arg}(2-z_0)/(2\pi)])}} + \\
& \frac{64\pi^2 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (2-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}}{\left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right)^{-1/2 [\text{arg}(3-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\text{arg}(3-z_0)/(2\pi)])}} + \\
& \frac{48\pi^2 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (3-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}}{3 \left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right)^{-1/2 [\text{arg}(4-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\text{arg}(4-z_0)/(2\pi)])}} + \\
& \frac{256\pi^2 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (4-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}}{3 \left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right)^{-1/2 [\text{arg}(5-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\text{arg}(5-z_0)/(2\pi)])}} + \\
& \frac{400\pi^2 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (5-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}}{\left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right)^{-1/2 [\text{arg}(6-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\text{arg}(6-z_0)/(2\pi)])}} + \\
& \frac{192\pi^2 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (6-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}}{3 \left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right)^{-1/2 [\text{arg}(7-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\text{arg}(7-z_0)/(2\pi)])}} + \\
& \frac{784\pi^2 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (7-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}}{3 \left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right)^{-1/2 [\text{arg}(8-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\text{arg}(8-z_0)/(2\pi)])}} + \\
& \frac{1024\pi^2 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (8-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}}{3 \left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right)^{-1/2 [\text{arg}(9-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\text{arg}(9-z_0)/(2\pi)])}}
\end{aligned}$$

From which, performing the inversion of the formula, we obtain:

$$\frac{1}{\left( \left( \left( \left( \left( \left( \frac{3}{16\pi^2} \left( \frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

**Input:**

$$\frac{1}{\frac{3}{16\pi^2} \left( \frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}} \right)}$$

**Exact result:**

$$\frac{16 \pi^2}{3 \left( \frac{33}{32} + \frac{33}{128 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9 \sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{25 \sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36 \sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49 \sqrt{7}} \right)}$$

**Decimal approximation:**

40.03967378004929000166651667508307590182193045584426481180...

40.03967378...

**Property:**

$$\frac{16 \pi^2}{3 \left( \frac{33}{32} + \frac{33}{128 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9 \sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{25 \sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36 \sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49 \sqrt{7}} \right)}$$
 is a transcendental number

**Alternate forms:**

$$(1580544000 \pi^2) / \left( 305613000 + 38201625 \sqrt{2} + 10976000 \sqrt{3} + 2370816 \sqrt{5} + 1372000 \sqrt{6} + 864000 \sqrt{7} \right)$$

$$\frac{1580544000 \pi^2}{864000 \sqrt{7} + 343 (6912 \sqrt{5} + 125 (8 + \sqrt{2}) (891 + 32 \sqrt{3}))}$$

$$(45158400 \sqrt{35} \pi^2) / \left( 1091475 \sqrt{70} + 4 \sqrt{2} \left( 39200 \sqrt{210} + \sqrt{3} \left( 14112 \sqrt{42} + 25 \sqrt{5} \left( 392 \sqrt{7} + 9 \sqrt{6} \left( 32 + 1617 \sqrt{7} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

## Series representations:

$$\frac{1}{\frac{\left(\frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}}\right)^3}{16\pi^2}} =$$

$$(16\pi^2) / \left( 3 \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (1-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (2-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \right.$$

$$\frac{1}{9\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (3-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (4-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} +$$

$$\frac{1}{25\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (5-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (6-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} +$$

$$\left. \left. \frac{1}{49\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (7-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (8-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} \right) \right)$$

for not  $((z_0 \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } -\infty < z_0 \leq 0))$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{\left( \frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}} \right)^3} = \\
& (16\pi^2) / \left( 3 \left( \frac{1}{\exp\left(i\pi \left[ \frac{\arg(1-x)}{2\pi} \right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (1-x)^k x^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}} + \right. \\
& \frac{4 \exp\left(i\pi \left[ \frac{\arg(2-x)}{2\pi} \right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (2-x)^k x^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}}{1} + \\
& \frac{9 \exp\left(i\pi \left[ \frac{\arg(3-x)}{2\pi} \right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (3-x)^k x^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}}{1} + \\
& \frac{16 \exp\left(i\pi \left[ \frac{\arg(4-x)}{2\pi} \right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (4-x)^k x^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}}{1} + \\
& \frac{25 \exp\left(i\pi \left[ \frac{\arg(5-x)}{2\pi} \right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (5-x)^k x^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}}{1} + \\
& \frac{36 \exp\left(i\pi \left[ \frac{\arg(6-x)}{2\pi} \right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (6-x)^k x^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}}{1} + \\
& \frac{49 \exp\left(i\pi \left[ \frac{\arg(7-x)}{2\pi} \right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (7-x)^k x^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}}{1} + \\
& \left. \left. \frac{64 \exp\left(i\pi \left[ \frac{\arg(8-x)}{2\pi} \right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (8-x)^k x^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}}{1} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

for  $(x \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } x < 0)$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{\left( \frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}} \right)^3} = \\
(16\pi^2) / & \left( 3 \left[ \frac{\left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right)^{-1/2 [\text{arg}(1-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\text{arg}(1-z_0)/(2\pi)])}}{\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left( -\frac{1}{2} \right)_k (1-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \right. \\
& \frac{\left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right)^{-1/2 [\text{arg}(2-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\text{arg}(2-z_0)/(2\pi)])}}{4 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left( -\frac{1}{2} \right)_k (2-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \frac{\left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right)^{-1/2 [\text{arg}(3-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\text{arg}(3-z_0)/(2\pi)])}}{9 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left( -\frac{1}{2} \right)_k (3-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \frac{\left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right)^{-1/2 [\text{arg}(4-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\text{arg}(4-z_0)/(2\pi)])}}{16 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left( -\frac{1}{2} \right)_k (4-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \frac{\left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right)^{-1/2 [\text{arg}(5-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\text{arg}(5-z_0)/(2\pi)])}}{25 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left( -\frac{1}{2} \right)_k (5-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \frac{\left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right)^{-1/2 [\text{arg}(6-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\text{arg}(6-z_0)/(2\pi)])}}{36 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left( -\frac{1}{2} \right)_k (6-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \frac{\left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right)^{-1/2 [\text{arg}(7-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\text{arg}(7-z_0)/(2\pi)])}}{49 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left( -\frac{1}{2} \right)_k (7-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \left. \frac{\left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right)^{-1/2 [\text{arg}(8-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\text{arg}(8-z_0)/(2\pi)])}}{64 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left( -\frac{1}{2} \right)_k (8-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} \right] \right)
\end{aligned}$$

and multiplying for  $\pi$ , and subtracting for the golden ratio conjugate, we obtain:

$$\text{Pi} * \frac{1}{\left( \left( \frac{3}{16\pi^2} * \left( \frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}} \right) \right) \right) - 1/\text{golden ratio}$$

**Input:**

$$\pi \times \frac{1}{\frac{3}{16\pi^2} \left( \frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}} \right)} - \frac{1}{\phi}$$

**Exact result:**

$$\frac{16 \pi^3}{3 \left( \frac{33}{32} + \frac{33}{128 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9 \sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{25 \sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36 \sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49 \sqrt{7}} \right)} - \frac{1}{\phi}$$

**Decimal approximation:**

125.1703110107848214646203604008708673030196876700788405088...

125.170311... result very near to the Higgs boson mass 125.18 GeV

**Property:**

$$-\frac{1}{\phi} + \frac{16 \pi^3}{3 \left( \frac{33}{32} + \frac{33}{128 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9 \sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{25 \sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36 \sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49 \sqrt{7}} \right)}$$

is a transcendental number

**Alternate forms:**

$$\frac{1580544000 \pi^3}{864000 \sqrt{7} + 343 (6912 \sqrt{5} + 125 (8 + \sqrt{2}) (891 + 32 \sqrt{3}))} - \frac{1}{\phi}$$

$$\left( 45158400 \sqrt{35} \pi^3 \right) / \left( 1091475 \sqrt{70} + 4 \sqrt{2} \left( 39200 \sqrt{210} + \sqrt{3} \left( 14112 \sqrt{42} + 25 \sqrt{5} \left( 392 \sqrt{7} + 9 \sqrt{6} \left( 32 + 1617 \sqrt{7} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) - \frac{1}{\phi}$$

$$\left( 2 \left( -305613000 - 38201625 \sqrt{2} - 10976000 \sqrt{3} - 2370816 \sqrt{5} - 1372000 \sqrt{6} - 864000 \sqrt{7} + 790272000 \pi^3 + 790272000 \sqrt{5} \pi^3 \right) \right) / \left( (1 + \sqrt{5}) \left( 305613000 + 38201625 \sqrt{2} + 10976000 \sqrt{3} + 2370816 \sqrt{5} + 1372000 \sqrt{6} + 864000 \sqrt{7} \right) \right)$$

### Series representations:

$$\frac{\pi}{3 \left( \frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}} \right)} - \frac{1}{\phi} = -\frac{1}{\phi} +$$

$$\frac{(16\pi^3)}{16\pi^2} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (1-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (2-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \right.$$

$$\frac{1}{9\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (3-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (4-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} +$$

$$\frac{1}{25\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (5-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} +$$

$$\frac{1}{36\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (6-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} +$$

$$\frac{1}{49\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (7-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} +$$

$$\left. \frac{1}{64\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (8-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} \right)$$

for not  $((z_0 \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } -\infty < z_0 \leq 0))$

$$\frac{\pi}{3 \left( \frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}} \right)} - \frac{1}{\phi} =$$

$$-\frac{1}{\phi} + (16\pi^3) / \left( 3 \left( \frac{1}{\exp\left(i\pi \left[ \frac{\text{arg}(1-x)}{2\pi} \right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (1-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}} + \right.$$

$$\frac{4 \exp\left(i\pi \left[ \frac{\text{arg}(2-x)}{2\pi} \right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (2-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} +$$

$$\frac{9 \exp\left(i\pi \left[ \frac{\text{arg}(3-x)}{2\pi} \right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (3-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} +$$

$$\frac{16 \exp\left(i\pi \left[ \frac{\text{arg}(4-x)}{2\pi} \right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (4-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} +$$

$$\frac{25 \exp\left(i\pi \left[ \frac{\text{arg}(5-x)}{2\pi} \right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (5-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} +$$

$$\frac{36 \exp\left(i\pi \left[ \frac{\text{arg}(6-x)}{2\pi} \right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (6-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} +$$

$$\frac{49 \exp\left(i\pi \left[ \frac{\text{arg}(7-x)}{2\pi} \right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (7-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} +$$

$$\left. \frac{64 \exp\left(i\pi \left[ \frac{\text{arg}(8-x)}{2\pi} \right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (8-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} \right)$$

for  $(x \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } x < 0)$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\pi}{16\pi^2} \left( \frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}} \right) - \frac{1}{\phi} = \\
& -\frac{1}{\phi} + (16\pi^3) / \left( 3 \left( \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 \lfloor \arg(1-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor} z_0^{1/2(-1-\lfloor \arg(1-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor)}}{\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (1-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} \right) + \right. \\
& \left. \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 \lfloor \arg(2-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor} z_0^{1/2(-1-\lfloor \arg(2-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor)}}{4 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (2-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \right. \\
& \left. \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 \lfloor \arg(3-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor} z_0^{1/2(-1-\lfloor \arg(3-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor)}}{9 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (3-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \right. \\
& \left. \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 \lfloor \arg(4-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor} z_0^{1/2(-1-\lfloor \arg(4-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor)}}{16 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (4-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \right. \\
& \left. \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 \lfloor \arg(5-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor} z_0^{1/2(-1-\lfloor \arg(5-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor)}}{25 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (5-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \right. \\
& \left. \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 \lfloor \arg(6-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor} z_0^{1/2(-1-\lfloor \arg(6-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor)}}{36 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (6-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \right. \\
& \left. \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 \lfloor \arg(7-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor} z_0^{1/2(-1-\lfloor \arg(7-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor)}}{49 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (7-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \right. \\
& \left. \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 \lfloor \arg(8-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor} z_0^{1/2(-1-\lfloor \arg(8-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor)}}{64 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (8-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} \right) \Bigg)
\end{aligned}$$

Multiplying for  $\pi$  and adding  $13+1/\text{golden ratio}$ , we obtain:

$\pi * 1/(((3/(16\pi^2)) * (((1/(1\sqrt{1}) + 1/(4\sqrt{2}) + 1/(9\sqrt{3}) + 1/(16\sqrt{4}) + 1/(25\sqrt{5}) + 1/(36\sqrt{6}) + 1/(49\sqrt{7}) + 1/(64\sqrt{8})))))) + 13 + 1/\text{golden ratio}$

**Input:**

$$\pi \times \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \left( \frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}} \right) + 13 + \frac{1}{\phi}$$

**Exact result:**

$$\frac{1}{\phi} + 13 + \frac{16 \pi^3}{3 \left( \frac{33}{32} + \frac{33}{128\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} \right)}$$

**Decimal approximation:**

139.4063789882846111610295340696021435384603060296903662330...

139.406378988... result practically equal to the rest mass of Pion meson 139.57 MeV

**Property:**

$$13 + \frac{1}{\phi} + \frac{16 \pi^3}{3 \left( \frac{33}{32} + \frac{33}{128\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} \right)}$$
 is a transcendental number

**Alternate forms:**

$$\frac{1}{\phi} + 13 + \frac{1580544000 \pi^3}{864000 \sqrt{7} + 343 (6912 \sqrt{5} + 125 (8 + \sqrt{2}) (891 + 32 \sqrt{3}))}$$

$$\frac{1}{\phi} + 13 + \left( 45158400 \sqrt{35} \pi^3 \right) / \left( 1091475 \sqrt{70} + 4 \sqrt{2} \left( 39200 \sqrt{210} + \sqrt{3} \left( 14112 \sqrt{42} + 25 \sqrt{5} \left( 392 \sqrt{7} + 9 \sqrt{6} \left( 32 + 1617 \sqrt{7} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\left( 5 \left( 947659608 + 114604875 \sqrt{2} + 32928000 \sqrt{3} + 801706248 \sqrt{5} + 4116000 \sqrt{6} + 2592000 \sqrt{7} + 99324225 \sqrt{10} + 28537600 \sqrt{15} + 3567200 \sqrt{30} + 2246400 \sqrt{35} + 316108800 \pi^3 + 316108800 \sqrt{5} \pi^3 \right) \right) / \left( (1 + \sqrt{5}) \left( 305613000 + 38201625 \sqrt{2} + 10976000 \sqrt{3} + 2370816 \sqrt{5} + 1372000 \sqrt{6} + 864000 \sqrt{7} \right) \right)$$

### Series representations:

$$\frac{\pi}{3 \left( \frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}} \right)} + 13 + \frac{1}{\phi} = 13 + \frac{1}{\phi} +$$

$$\frac{(16\pi^3)}{16\pi^2} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (1-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (2-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \right.$$

$$\frac{1}{9\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (3-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (4-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} +$$

$$\frac{1}{25\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (5-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} +$$

$$\frac{1}{36\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (6-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} +$$

$$\frac{1}{49\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (7-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} +$$

$$\left. \frac{1}{64\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (8-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} \right)$$

for not  $((z_0 \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } -\infty < z_0 \leq 0))$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\pi}{3 \left( \frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}} \right)} + 13 + \frac{1}{\phi} = \\
& 13 + \frac{1}{\phi} + (16\pi^3) / \left( 3 \left[ \frac{1}{\exp\left(i\pi \left[ \frac{\text{arg}(1-x)}{2\pi} \right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (1-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}} + \right. \\
& \frac{4 \exp\left(i\pi \left[ \frac{\text{arg}(2-x)}{2\pi} \right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (2-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} + \\
& \frac{9 \exp\left(i\pi \left[ \frac{\text{arg}(3-x)}{2\pi} \right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (3-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} + \\
& \frac{16 \exp\left(i\pi \left[ \frac{\text{arg}(4-x)}{2\pi} \right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (4-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} + \\
& \frac{25 \exp\left(i\pi \left[ \frac{\text{arg}(5-x)}{2\pi} \right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (5-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} + \\
& \frac{36 \exp\left(i\pi \left[ \frac{\text{arg}(6-x)}{2\pi} \right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (6-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} + \\
& \frac{49 \exp\left(i\pi \left[ \frac{\text{arg}(7-x)}{2\pi} \right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (7-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} + \right. \\
& \left. \frac{64 \exp\left(i\pi \left[ \frac{\text{arg}(8-x)}{2\pi} \right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (8-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} \right] \right)
\end{aligned}$$

for  $(x \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $x < 0)$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\pi}{3 \left( \frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}} \right)} + 13 + \frac{1}{\phi} = \\
& 13 + \frac{1}{\phi} + (16\pi^3) / \left( 3 \left( \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 \lfloor \arg(1-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor} z_0^{1/2 (-1 - \lfloor \arg(1-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor)}}{\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (1-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} \right. \right. + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 \lfloor \arg(2-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor} z_0^{1/2 (-1 - \lfloor \arg(2-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor)}}{4 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (2-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 \lfloor \arg(3-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor} z_0^{1/2 (-1 - \lfloor \arg(3-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor)}}{9 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (3-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 \lfloor \arg(4-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor} z_0^{1/2 (-1 - \lfloor \arg(4-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor)}}{16 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (4-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 \lfloor \arg(5-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor} z_0^{1/2 (-1 - \lfloor \arg(5-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor)}}{25 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (5-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 \lfloor \arg(6-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor} z_0^{1/2 (-1 - \lfloor \arg(6-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor)}}{36 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (6-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 \lfloor \arg(7-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor} z_0^{1/2 (-1 - \lfloor \arg(7-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor)}}{49 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (7-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \left. \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 \lfloor \arg(8-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor} z_0^{1/2 (-1 - \lfloor \arg(8-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor)}}{64 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (8-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Multiplying the expression by  $27 \cdot \frac{1}{2}$ , and adding  $29+2$ , we obtain

$$29+2+27 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \left( \left( \pi \cdot \frac{1}{16\pi^2 \left( \frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}} \right)} \right) \right)$$

**Input:**

$$29 + 2 + 27 \times \frac{1}{2} \left( \pi \times \frac{1}{16\pi^2 \left( \frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}} \right)} \right)$$

**Exact result:**

$$31 + \frac{72 \pi^3}{\frac{33}{32} + \frac{33}{128 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9 \sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{25 \sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36 \sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49 \sqrt{7}}}$$

**Decimal approximation:**

1729.142657493718670223136787675692823179989957473442145507...

1729.14265749...

This result is very near to the mass of candidate glueball  $f_0(1710)$  meson. Furthermore, 1728 occurs in the algebraic formula for the  $j$ -invariant of an elliptic curve. As a consequence, it is sometimes called a Zagier as a pun on the Gross–Zagier theorem. The number 1728 is one less than the Hardy–Ramanujan number 1729 (taxicab number)

**Property:**

$$31 + \frac{72 \pi^3}{\frac{33}{32} + \frac{33}{128 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9 \sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{25 \sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36 \sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49 \sqrt{7}}} \text{ is a transcendental number}$$

**Alternate forms:**

$$31 + \frac{21\,337\,344\,000 \pi^3}{864\,000 \sqrt{7} + 343 (6912 \sqrt{5} + 125 (8 + \sqrt{2}) (891 + 32 \sqrt{3}))}$$

$$\left( 9\,474\,003\,000 + 1\,184\,250\,375 \sqrt{2} + 340\,256\,000 \sqrt{3} + 73\,495\,296 \sqrt{5} + 42\,532\,000 \sqrt{6} + 26\,784\,000 \sqrt{7} + 21\,337\,344\,000 \pi^3 \right) / \left( 305\,613\,000 + 38\,201\,625 \sqrt{2} + 10\,976\,000 \sqrt{3} + 2\,370\,816 \sqrt{5} + 1\,372\,000 \sqrt{6} + 864\,000 \sqrt{7} \right)$$

$$31 + \left( 609\,638\,400 \sqrt{35} \pi^3 \right) / \left( 1091475 \sqrt{70} + 4 \sqrt{2} \left( 39\,200 \sqrt{210} + \sqrt{3} \left( 14\,112 \sqrt{42} + 25 \sqrt{5} \left( 392 \sqrt{7} + 9 \sqrt{6} \left( 32 + 1617 \sqrt{7} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

**Series representations:**

$$29 + 2 + \frac{27\pi}{\left(3\left(\frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}}\right)\right)^2} =$$

$$31 + (72\pi^3) / \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (1-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (2-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \right.$$

$$\frac{1}{9\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (3-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (4-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} +$$

$$\frac{1}{25\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (5-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (6-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} +$$

$$\left. \frac{1}{49\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (7-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (8-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} \right)$$

for not  $((z_0 \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } -\infty < z_0 \leq 0))$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 29 + 2 + \frac{27\pi}{\left(3\left(\frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}}\right)\right)^2} = \\
& 31 + (72\pi^3) / \left( \frac{1}{\exp\left(i\pi\left[\frac{\text{arg}(1-x)}{2\pi}\right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (1-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}} + \right. \\
& \frac{4 \exp\left(i\pi\left[\frac{\text{arg}(2-x)}{2\pi}\right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (2-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} + \\
& \frac{9 \exp\left(i\pi\left[\frac{\text{arg}(3-x)}{2\pi}\right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (3-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} + \\
& \frac{16 \exp\left(i\pi\left[\frac{\text{arg}(4-x)}{2\pi}\right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (4-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} + \\
& \frac{25 \exp\left(i\pi\left[\frac{\text{arg}(5-x)}{2\pi}\right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (5-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} + \\
& \frac{36 \exp\left(i\pi\left[\frac{\text{arg}(6-x)}{2\pi}\right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (6-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} + \\
& \frac{49 \exp\left(i\pi\left[\frac{\text{arg}(7-x)}{2\pi}\right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (7-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} + \\
& \left. \frac{64 \exp\left(i\pi\left[\frac{\text{arg}(8-x)}{2\pi}\right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (8-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} \right) \text{ for } (x \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } x < 0)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 29 + 2 + \frac{27\pi}{\left(3\left(\frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}}\right)\right)^2} = \\
& 31 + (72\pi^3) / \left( \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 [\arg(1-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\arg(1-z_0)/(2\pi)])}}{\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (1-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \right. \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 [\arg(2-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\arg(2-z_0)/(2\pi)])}}{4 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (2-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 [\arg(3-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\arg(3-z_0)/(2\pi)])}}{9 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (3-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 [\arg(4-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\arg(4-z_0)/(2\pi)])}}{16 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (4-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 [\arg(5-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\arg(5-z_0)/(2\pi)])}}{25 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (5-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 [\arg(6-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\arg(6-z_0)/(2\pi)])}}{36 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (6-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 [\arg(7-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\arg(7-z_0)/(2\pi)])}}{49 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (7-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \left. \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 [\arg(8-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\arg(8-z_0)/(2\pi)])}}{64 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (8-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Multiplying the expression by  $27 \cdot 1/2$ , and adding  $29+47+11$  we obtain:

$$29+47+11+27 \cdot 1/2 \left( \left( \pi \cdot \frac{1}{\left( \left( \frac{3}{16\pi^2} \left( \frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

**Input:**

$$29 + 47 + 11 + 27 \times \frac{1}{2} \left( \pi \times \frac{1}{\frac{3}{16\pi^2} \left( \frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}} \right)} \right)$$

**Exact result:**

$$87 + \frac{72 \pi^3}{\frac{33}{32} + \frac{33}{128\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}}}$$

**Decimal approximation:**

1785.142657493718670223136787675692823179989957473442145507...

1785.14265749... result in the range of the hypothetical mass of Gluino (gluino = 1785.16 GeV).

**Property:**

$$87 + \frac{72 \pi^3}{\frac{33}{32} + \frac{33}{128\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}}} \text{ is a transcendental number}$$

**Alternate forms:**

$$87 + \frac{21\,337\,344\,000 \pi^3}{864\,000 \sqrt{7} + 343 (6912 \sqrt{5} + 125 (8 + \sqrt{2}) (891 + 32 \sqrt{3}))}$$

$$\left( 3 \left( 8862\,777\,000 + 1\,107\,847\,125 \sqrt{2} + 318\,304\,000 \sqrt{3} + 68\,753\,664 \sqrt{5} + 39\,788\,000 \sqrt{6} + 25\,056\,000 \sqrt{7} + 7\,112\,448\,000 \pi^3 \right) \right) / \left( 305\,613\,000 + 38\,201\,625 \sqrt{2} + 10\,976\,000 \sqrt{3} + 2\,370\,816 \sqrt{5} + 1\,372\,000 \sqrt{6} + 864\,000 \sqrt{7} \right)$$

$$87 + \left( 609\,638\,400 \sqrt{35} \pi^3 \right) / \left( 1\,091\,475 \sqrt{70} + 4 \sqrt{2} \left( 39\,200 \sqrt{210} + \sqrt{3} \left( 14\,112 \sqrt{42} + 25 \sqrt{5} \left( 392 \sqrt{7} + 9 \sqrt{6} \left( 32 + 1617 \sqrt{7} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

**Series representations:**

$$29 + 47 + 11 + \frac{27\pi}{\left(3\left(\frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}}\right)\right)^2} =$$

$$87 + (72\pi^3) / \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (1-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (2-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \right.$$

$$\frac{1}{9\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (3-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (4-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} +$$

$$\frac{1}{25\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (5-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (6-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} +$$

$$\left. \frac{1}{49\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (7-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (8-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} \right)$$

for not  $((z_0 \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } -\infty < z_0 \leq 0))$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 29 + 47 + 11 + \frac{27\pi}{\left(3\left(\frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}}\right)\right)^2} = \\
& 87 + (72\pi^3) / \left( \frac{1}{\exp\left(i\pi\left[\frac{\text{arg}(1-x)}{2\pi}\right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (1-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}} + \right. \\
& \frac{4 \exp\left(i\pi\left[\frac{\text{arg}(2-x)}{2\pi}\right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (2-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} + \\
& \frac{9 \exp\left(i\pi\left[\frac{\text{arg}(3-x)}{2\pi}\right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (3-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} + \\
& \frac{16 \exp\left(i\pi\left[\frac{\text{arg}(4-x)}{2\pi}\right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (4-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} + \\
& \frac{25 \exp\left(i\pi\left[\frac{\text{arg}(5-x)}{2\pi}\right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (5-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} + \\
& \frac{36 \exp\left(i\pi\left[\frac{\text{arg}(6-x)}{2\pi}\right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (6-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} + \\
& \frac{49 \exp\left(i\pi\left[\frac{\text{arg}(7-x)}{2\pi}\right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (7-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} + \\
& \left. \frac{64 \exp\left(i\pi\left[\frac{\text{arg}(8-x)}{2\pi}\right]\right) \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (8-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-1}{2}_k}{k!}}{1} \right) \text{ for } (x \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } x < 0)
\end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& 29 + 47 + 11 + \frac{27\pi}{\left(3\left(\frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}}\right)\right)^2} = \\
& 87 + (72\pi^3) / \left( \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 [\text{arg}(1-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\text{arg}(1-z_0)/(2\pi)])}}{\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (1-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \right. \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 [\text{arg}(2-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\text{arg}(2-z_0)/(2\pi)])}}{4 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (2-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 [\text{arg}(3-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\text{arg}(3-z_0)/(2\pi)])}}{9 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (3-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 [\text{arg}(4-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\text{arg}(4-z_0)/(2\pi)])}}{16 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (4-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 [\text{arg}(5-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\text{arg}(5-z_0)/(2\pi)])}}{25 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (5-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 [\text{arg}(6-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\text{arg}(6-z_0)/(2\pi)])}}{36 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (6-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 [\text{arg}(7-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\text{arg}(7-z_0)/(2\pi)])}}{49 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (7-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \left. \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 [\text{arg}(8-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{1/2 (-1-[\text{arg}(8-z_0)/(2\pi)])}}{64 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (8-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Performing the 8<sup>th</sup> root of the first expression, adding 1, (34+8)/10<sup>3</sup> and multiplying all by 1/10<sup>27</sup>, we obtain:

$$\begin{aligned}
& 1/10^{27}(((1+((((3/(16\text{Pi}^2) * (((1/(1\text{sqrt}1) + 1/(4\text{sqrt}2) + 1/(9\text{sqrt}3) + \\
& 1/(16\text{sqrt}4)+1/(25\text{sqrt}5) + 1/(36\text{sqrt}6)+ 1/(49\text{sqrt}7) + \\
& 1/(64\text{sqrt}8))))))))))^{1/8}+(34+8)*1/10^3)))
\end{aligned}$$

**Input:**

$$\frac{1}{10^{27}} \left( 1 + \left( \frac{3}{16\pi^2} \left( \frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}} \right) \right)^{(1/8) + (34+8) \times \frac{1}{10^3}} \right)$$

**Exact result:**

$$\frac{\frac{521}{500} + \frac{\sqrt[8]{3 \left( \frac{33}{32} + \frac{33}{128\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} \right)}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{\pi}}}{1\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000}$$

**Decimal approximation:**

$$1.6725052159553696438702675233907258281335553068508382... \times 10^{-27}$$

1.6725052159... \* 10<sup>-27</sup> result practically equal to the proton mass

**Property:**

$$\frac{\frac{521}{500} + \frac{\sqrt[8]{3 \left( \frac{33}{32} + \frac{33}{128\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} \right)}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{\pi}}}{1\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000} \text{ is a transcendental number}$$

**Alternate forms:**

$$\frac{\frac{521}{500\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000} + \left( (305\,613\,000 + 38\,201\,625\sqrt{2} + 10\,976\,000\sqrt{3} + 2\,370\,816\sqrt{5} + 1\,372\,000\sqrt{6} + 864\,000\sqrt{7})^{(1/8)} \right)}{(2\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\sqrt{2} \cdot 35^{3/8} \sqrt[4]{3\pi})}$$

$$\frac{\frac{521}{500} + \frac{\sqrt[8]{\frac{99}{32} + \frac{99}{128\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}} + \frac{3}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{12\sqrt{6}} + \frac{3}{49\sqrt{7}}}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{\pi}}}{1\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000}$$

$$\frac{\frac{521}{500\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000} + \frac{\sqrt[8]{3 \left( \frac{33}{32} + \frac{33}{128\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} \right)}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{\pi}}}{1\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{\pi}}$$

**Series representations:**

$$\frac{1 + \sqrt[8]{\frac{3 \left( \frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}} \right)}{16\pi^2} + \frac{34+8}{10^3}}}{521 \cdot 10^{27}} = \frac{500\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000}{521 \cdot 10^{27}} + \left( \sqrt[8]{3} \left( \frac{1}{\pi^2} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (1-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (2-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (3-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (4-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (5-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (6-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (7-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (8-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} \right) \right)^{\wedge (1/8)} / \left( 1\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\sqrt{2} \right)$$

for not  $((z_0 \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } -\infty < z_0 \leq 0))$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1 + \sqrt[8]{\frac{3 \left( \frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}} \right)}{16\pi^2} + \frac{34+8}{10^3}}{521 \cdot 10^{27}} = \\
& \frac{500\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000}{521 \cdot 10^{27}} + \\
& \left( \sqrt[8]{3} \left( \frac{1}{\pi^2} \left( \frac{1}{\exp(i\pi \lfloor \frac{\text{arg}(1-x)}{2\pi} \rfloor)} \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (1-x)^k x^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!} + \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \frac{4 \exp(i\pi \lfloor \frac{\text{arg}(2-x)}{2\pi} \rfloor)}{1} \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (2-x)^k x^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!} + \\
& \quad \frac{9 \exp(i\pi \lfloor \frac{\text{arg}(3-x)}{2\pi} \rfloor)}{1} \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (3-x)^k x^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!} + \\
& \quad \frac{16 \exp(i\pi \lfloor \frac{\text{arg}(4-x)}{2\pi} \rfloor)}{1} \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (4-x)^k x^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!} + \\
& \quad \frac{25 \exp(i\pi \lfloor \frac{\text{arg}(5-x)}{2\pi} \rfloor)}{1} \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (5-x)^k x^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!} + \\
& \quad \frac{36 \exp(i\pi \lfloor \frac{\text{arg}(6-x)}{2\pi} \rfloor)}{1} \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (6-x)^k x^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!} + \\
& \quad \frac{49 \exp(i\pi \lfloor \frac{\text{arg}(7-x)}{2\pi} \rfloor)}{1} \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (7-x)^k x^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!} \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. \frac{64 \exp(i\pi \lfloor \frac{\text{arg}(8-x)}{2\pi} \rfloor)}{1} \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (8-x)^k x^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!} \right) \right) \right)^{\wedge (1/8)} / \\
& \left( 1\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000 \sqrt{2} \right) \text{ for } (x \in \\
& \mathbb{R} \text{ and } x < \\
& 0)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1 + \sqrt[8]{\frac{3 \left( \frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}} \right)}{16\pi^2}} + \frac{34+8}{10^3}}{10^{27}} = \\
& \frac{521}{500\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000} + \\
& \left( \sqrt[8]{3} \left( \frac{1}{\pi^2} \left( \left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right)^{-1/2 [\arg(1-z_0)/(2\pi)]} \frac{-1/2-1/2 [\arg(1-z_0)/(2\pi)]}{z_0} \right. \right. \right. + \\
& \quad \frac{\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (1-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}}{\left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right)^{-1/2 [\arg(2-z_0)/(2\pi)]} \frac{-1/2-1/2 [\arg(2-z_0)/(2\pi)]}{z_0}} + \\
& \quad \frac{4 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (2-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}}{\left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right)^{-1/2 [\arg(3-z_0)/(2\pi)]} \frac{-1/2-1/2 [\arg(3-z_0)/(2\pi)]}{z_0}} + \\
& \quad \frac{9 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (3-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}}{\left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right)^{-1/2 [\arg(4-z_0)/(2\pi)]} \frac{-1/2-1/2 [\arg(4-z_0)/(2\pi)]}{z_0}} + \\
& \quad \frac{16 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (4-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}}{\left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right)^{-1/2 [\arg(5-z_0)/(2\pi)]} \frac{-1/2-1/2 [\arg(5-z_0)/(2\pi)]}{z_0}} + \\
& \quad \frac{25 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (5-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}}{\left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right)^{-1/2 [\arg(6-z_0)/(2\pi)]} \frac{-1/2-1/2 [\arg(6-z_0)/(2\pi)]}{z_0}} + \\
& \quad \frac{36 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (6-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}}{\left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right)^{-1/2 [\arg(7-z_0)/(2\pi)]} \frac{-1/2-1/2 [\arg(7-z_0)/(2\pi)]}{z_0}} + \\
& \quad \frac{49 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (7-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}}{\left( \frac{1}{z_0} \right)^{-1/2 [\arg(8-z_0)/(2\pi)]} \frac{-1/2-1/2 [\arg(8-z_0)/(2\pi)]}{z_0}} \left. \right) \wedge (1/8) / \\
& \left( 1\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000 \sqrt{2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Performing the 8<sup>th</sup> root of the first expression, adding 1 and subtracting  $(21+3)/2 \cdot 1/10^3$ , we obtain:

$$\left( \left( 1 + \left( \left( \left( \left( \left( \frac{3}{16\pi^2} \left( \frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)^{1/8} - \frac{21+3}{2} \times \frac{1}{10^3} \right)$$

**Input:**

$$1 + \sqrt[8]{\frac{3}{16\pi^2} \left( \frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}} \right)} - \frac{21+3}{2} \times \frac{1}{10^3}$$

**Exact result:**

$$\frac{247}{250} + \frac{\sqrt[8]{3 \left( \frac{33}{32} + \frac{33}{128\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} \right)}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{\pi}}$$

**Decimal approximation:**

1.618505215955369643870267523390725828133555306850838234565...

1.618505215955... result that is a very good approximation to the value of the golden ratio 1,618033988749...

**Property:**

$$\frac{247}{250} + \frac{\sqrt[8]{3 \left( \frac{33}{32} + \frac{33}{128\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} \right)}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{\pi}} \text{ is a transcendental number}$$

**Alternate forms:**

$$\frac{247}{250} + \frac{\sqrt[8]{\frac{\infty}{32} + \frac{\infty}{128\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}} + \frac{3}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{12\sqrt{6}} + \frac{3}{49\sqrt{7}}}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{\pi}}$$

$$\frac{247}{250} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2} 35^{3/8} \sqrt[4]{3\pi}} \left( \left( 305\,613\,000 + 38\,201\,625\sqrt{2} + 10\,976\,000\sqrt{3} + 2\,370\,816\sqrt{5} + 1\,372\,000\sqrt{6} + 864\,000\sqrt{7} \right)^{1/8} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{10500 \sqrt[4]{\pi}} \left( 25 \sqrt{2} 3^{3/4} \times 35^{5/8} \left( 305\,613\,000 + 38\,201\,625 \sqrt{2} + 10\,976\,000 \sqrt{3} + 2\,370\,816 \sqrt{5} + 1\,372\,000 \sqrt{6} + 864\,000 \sqrt{7} \right)^{1/8} + 10\,374 \sqrt[4]{\pi} \right)$$

**Series representations:**

$$1 + \sqrt[8]{\frac{\left( \frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}} \right)^3}{16\pi^2} - \frac{21+3}{10^3 \times 2} = \frac{247}{250} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt[8]{3} \left( \frac{1}{\pi^2} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (1-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (2-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (3-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (4-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (5-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (6-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (7-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (8-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} \right) \right)^{1/8}$$

for not  $((z_0 \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } -\infty < z_0 \leq 0))$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 1 + \sqrt[8]{\frac{\left(\frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}}\right)^3}{16\pi^2}} - \frac{21+3}{10^3 \times 2} = \\
& \frac{247}{250} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt[8]{3} \left( \frac{1}{\pi^2} \left( \frac{1}{\exp\left(i\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\text{arg}(1-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor\right)} \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (1-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-\frac{1}{2}}{k}}{k!} + \right. \right. \\
& \frac{4 \exp\left(i\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\text{arg}(2-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor\right)}{1} \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (2-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-\frac{1}{2}}{k}}{k!} + \\
& \frac{9 \exp\left(i\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\text{arg}(3-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor\right)}{1} \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (3-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-\frac{1}{2}}{k}}{k!} + \\
& \frac{16 \exp\left(i\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\text{arg}(4-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor\right)}{1} \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (4-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-\frac{1}{2}}{k}}{k!} + \\
& \frac{25 \exp\left(i\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\text{arg}(5-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor\right)}{1} \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (5-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-\frac{1}{2}}{k}}{k!} + \\
& \frac{36 \exp\left(i\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\text{arg}(6-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor\right)}{1} \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (6-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-\frac{1}{2}}{k}}{k!} + \\
& \frac{49 \exp\left(i\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\text{arg}(7-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor\right)}{1} \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (7-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-\frac{1}{2}}{k}}{k!} + \\
& \left. \left. \frac{64 \exp\left(i\pi \left\lfloor \frac{\text{arg}(8-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor\right)}{1} \sqrt{x} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (8-x)^k x^{-k} \binom{-\frac{1}{2}}{k}}{k!} \right) \right) \wedge
\end{aligned}$$

(1/8) for  $(x \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } x < 0)$



$$\begin{aligned}
& 1 + \sqrt[8]{\frac{\left(\frac{1}{1\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{9\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{25\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{36\sqrt{6}} + \frac{1}{49\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{64\sqrt{8}}\right)^3}{16\pi^2}} - \frac{21+3}{10^3 \times 2} = \\
& \frac{247}{250} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt[8]{3} \left( \frac{1}{\pi^2} \left( \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 [\arg(1-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{-1/2-1/2 [\arg(1-z_0)/(2\pi)]}}{\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (1-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \right. \right. \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 [\arg(2-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{-1/2-1/2 [\arg(2-z_0)/(2\pi)]}}{\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (2-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 [\arg(3-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{-1/2-1/2 [\arg(3-z_0)/(2\pi)]}}{\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (3-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 [\arg(4-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{-1/2-1/2 [\arg(4-z_0)/(2\pi)]}}{\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (4-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 [\arg(5-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{-1/2-1/2 [\arg(5-z_0)/(2\pi)]}}{\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (5-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 [\arg(6-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{-1/2-1/2 [\arg(6-z_0)/(2\pi)]}}{\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (6-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 [\arg(7-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{-1/2-1/2 [\arg(7-z_0)/(2\pi)]}}{\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (7-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} + \\
& \left. \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 [\arg(8-z_0)/(2\pi)]} z_0^{-1/2-1/2 [\arg(8-z_0)/(2\pi)]}}{\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (8-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}} \right) \wedge (1/8)
\end{aligned}$$

## Conclusions

We highlight as in the development of this equation we have always utilized the constants  $\pi$ ,  $\phi$ ,  $1/\phi$ , the Fibonacci and Lucas numbers, linked to the golden ratio, that play a fundamental role to obtain the final results of the analyzed expression.

Furthermore, the Fibonacci and Lucas numbers are fundamental values that can be considered "constants", such as  $\pi$  and the golden ratio, that is, recurring numbers in various contexts: in the spiral arms of galaxies, as well as in Nature in general. This means that in the universe there is a mathematical order that has such constants as its foundation. Mathematics is therefore language, that is, as it was defined by philosophers, the "Logos" of the universe and all its laws that govern it. In other words, the universe, in addition to an observable physical reality, is also a mathematical and geometric entity.

## References

