

Letter N°2: Two Curious Integrals

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ABSTRACT. We recall two curious integrals.

keywords: definite integrals, number Pi, series.

I. Two Integrals .

$$\pi^2 = 4 (\ln(1 + \sqrt{2}))^2 - 16 \int_{\ln \sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}}^{\infty} \ln(\tanh(x)) dx \quad (1)$$

$$\pi^2 = -4 (\ln(1 + \sqrt{2}))^2 - 16 \int_0^{\ln \sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} \ln(\tanh(x)) dx \quad (2)$$

II. Some Formulas .

$$\pi^2 = -8 \int_0^{\infty} \ln(\tanh(x)) dx \quad (3)$$

$$\pi^2 = 4 (\ln(1 + \sqrt{2}))^2 + 16 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(1 + \sqrt{2})^{-(2n-1)}}{(2n-1)^2} \quad (4)$$

$$\pi^2 = -4 (\ln(1 + \sqrt{2}))^2 + 16 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1 - (1 + \sqrt{2})^{-(2n-1)}}{(2n-1)^2} \quad (5)$$

$$\pi^2 = 8 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^2} \quad (6)$$

$$\pi^2 = -4 (\ln(1 + \sqrt{2}))^2 + 8 \ln(1 + \sqrt{2}) \left(1 - \ln \ln \left(\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{2}} \right) \right) - 8 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (2^{2n-1} - 1) B_n (\ln(1 + \sqrt{2}))^{2n+1}}{n (2n+1)!} \quad (7)$$

$$B_n = \left\{ \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{30}, \frac{1}{42}, \frac{1}{30}, \frac{5}{66}, \frac{691}{2730}, \dots \right\} \quad (8)$$

$$\pi^2 = -8 \int_0^a \ln(\tanh(x)) dx + 8 \ln\left(\frac{2}{1 + \tanh(a)}\right) + 8 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^n}{n+1} \left\{ \ln\left(\frac{2}{1 + \tanh(a)}\right) - \sum_{k=1}^n \binom{n}{k} \frac{(-1)^{k-1}}{k} \left(1 - \left(\frac{1 + \tanh(a)}{2}\right)^k\right) \right\}, \quad a > 0 \quad (9)$$

$$\pi^2 = -8 \int_0^a \ln(\tanh(x)) dx + 4 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(1 - \tanh(a))^n}{n^2} F\left(1, n, n+1, \frac{1 - \tanh(a)}{2}\right), \quad a > 0 \quad (10)$$

$$\pi^2 = -8 \int_0^a \ln(\tanh(x)) dx + 4 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{n^2} \left(\frac{1}{\tanh(a)} - 1\right)^n F\left(1, n, n+1, \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2 \tanh(a)}\right), \quad a > \frac{\ln(3)}{2} \quad (11)$$

$$\pi^2 = 8 \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x e^{-x}}{1 - e^{-2x}} dx = 4 \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x}{\sinh(x)} dx \quad (12)$$

$$\pi^2 = 4 + 4 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n \ln\left(\tanh\left(\frac{n+1}{2}\right) \coth\left(\frac{n}{2}\right)\right) + 8 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (2^{2n-1} - 1) B_n}{(2n+1)!} + 4 \int_0^1 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{x}{\sinh(x+n)} dx \quad (13)$$

Remarks :

■ B_n are the Bernoulli numbers, $\pi = 4 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{2n+1} = 3.141592 \dots$, and $F(a, b, c, x)$ is the Gauss hypergeometric function.

III. References .

[1] Gradshteyn, I. S., and Ryzhik, I.M.: Table of Integrals, Series and Products. 7th ed., edited by Alan Jeffrey and Daniel Zwillinger, Academic Press, 2007.

[2] Olver, F.W.J., et al: NIST Handbook of Mathematical Functions. Cambridge University Press, 2010.

[3] Spanier, J., and Oldham, K.B.: An Atlas of Functions. Hemisphere Publishing, 1987.