

This paper uses the law, $\text{heat} = \text{constant vibration} * \text{time}$

And so the new law is $\text{time} = \text{universal heat} / \text{constant vibration}$

Time passing is decreased by vibrating more and increased by vibrating less by the universal heat and is increased by increasing heat while the vibration is constant and decreased by decreasing the heat while the vibration is constant