

# BBP – High-Precision Arithmetic

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abstract

This note presents two BBP- type formulas

The BBP ( Bailey- Borwein- Plouffe ) formula for Pi

$$\pi = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{16^k} \left( \frac{4}{8k+1} - \frac{2}{8k+4} - \frac{1}{8k+5} - \frac{1}{8k+6} \right) \quad (1)$$

This formula can generate the nth base-16 digit of  $\pi$  without computing any prior digits.  
for details see: [1,2,5,6].

In this note we present two formulas for Pi.

Formulas

❖ Formula 1:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\pi}{5\sqrt{2+\phi}} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left( \frac{1}{2\phi} \right)^{15n} & \left( \frac{1}{(2\phi)(15n+1)} + \frac{\phi^{-1}}{(2\phi)^2(15n+2)} - \frac{\phi^{-1}}{(2\phi)^3(15n+3)} \right. \\ & - \frac{1}{(2\phi)^4(15n+4)} + \frac{1}{(2\phi)^6(15n+6)} + \frac{\phi^{-1}}{(2\phi)^7(15n+7)} \\ & - \frac{\phi^{-1}}{(2\phi)^8(15n+8)} - \frac{1}{(2\phi)^9(15n+9)} + \frac{1}{(2\phi)^{11}(15n+11)} \\ & \left. + \frac{\phi^{-1}}{(2\phi)^{12}(15n+12)} - \frac{\phi^{-1}}{(2\phi)^{13}(15n+13)} - \frac{1}{(2\phi)^{14}(15n+14)} \right) \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

❖ Formula 2:

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\pi}{5\sqrt{2+\phi}} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left( \frac{1}{2\phi} \right)^{30n} & \left( \frac{1}{(2\phi)(30n+1)} + \frac{\phi^{-1}}{(2\phi)^2(30n+2)} - \frac{\phi^{-1}}{(2\phi)^3(30n+3)} \right. \\
& - \frac{1}{(2\phi)^4(30n+4)} + \frac{1}{(2\phi)^6(30n+6)} + \frac{\phi^{-1}}{(2\phi)^7(30n+7)} \\
& - \frac{\phi^{-1}}{(2\phi)^8(30n+8)} - \frac{1}{(2\phi)^9(30n+9)} + \frac{1}{(2\phi)^{11}(30n+11)} \\
& + \frac{\phi^{-1}}{(2\phi)^{12}(30n+12)} - \frac{\phi^{-1}}{(2\phi)^{13}(30n+13)} - \frac{1}{(2\phi)^{14}(30n+14)} \\
& + \frac{1}{(2\phi)^{16}(30n+16)} + \frac{\phi^{-1}}{(2\phi)^{17}(30n+17)} - \frac{\phi^{-1}}{(2\phi)^{18}(30n+18)} \\
& - \frac{1}{(2\phi)^{19}(30n+19)} + \frac{1}{(2\phi)^{21}(30n+21)} + \frac{\phi^{-1}}{(2\phi)^{22}(30n+22)} \\
& - \frac{\phi^{-1}}{(2\phi)^{23}(30n+23)} - \frac{1}{(2\phi)^{24}(30n+24)} + \frac{1}{(2\phi)^{26}(30n+26)} \\
& \left. + \frac{\phi^{-1}}{(2\phi)^{27}(30n+27)} - \frac{\phi^{-1}}{(2\phi)^{28}(30n+28)} - \frac{1}{(2\phi)^{29}(30n+29)} \right) \quad (3)
\end{aligned}$$

Remark:  $\phi = \frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}$ .

Some Evaluations

$$e1_k = \frac{\pi}{5\sqrt{2+\phi}} - \sum_{n=0}^k \left( \frac{1}{2\phi} \right)^{15n} a_n, \quad k = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots \quad (4)$$

$$e2_k = \frac{\pi}{5\sqrt{2+\phi}} - \sum_{n=0}^k \left( \frac{1}{2\phi} \right)^{30n} b_n, \quad k = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots \quad (5)$$

$k$	$e1_k$	$e2_k$
0	$4.774 \cdot 10^{-10}$	$5.515 \cdot 10^{-18}$
1	$5.515 \cdot 10^{-18}$	$1.403 \cdot 10^{-33}$
2	$8.317 \cdot 10^{-26}$	$4.709 \cdot 10^{-49}$
3	$1.403 \cdot 10^{-33}$	$1.772 \cdot 10^{-64}$
4	$2.520 \cdot 10^{-41}$	$7.111 \cdot 10^{-80}$
5	$4.709 \cdot 10^{-49}$	$2.969 \cdot 10^{-95}$
10	$1.447 \cdot 10^{-87}$	$5.104 \cdot 10^{-172}$
15	$5.588 \cdot 10^{-126}$	$1.103 \cdot 10^{-248}$
20	$2.389 \cdot 10^{-164}$	$2.645 \cdot 10^{-325}$

Table 1.

## References

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