

Question 357: Some Infinite Products

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ABSTRACT

This note presents some infinite products involving pi

1. Introduction

The number pi:

$$\pi = 4 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{2n+1} = 3.14159265... \quad (1)$$

2. Infinite Products

$$\pi \sqrt[4]{8} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1} = \frac{64}{7} \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \left(1 + \frac{1}{8n}\right)^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{7}{8n}\right)^{-1} \quad (2)$$

$$\pi(\sqrt{2}-1) = \frac{16}{9} \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \left(1 + \frac{1}{8n}\right)^2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{4n}\right)^{-2} \left(1 + \frac{3}{8n}\right)^{-2} \quad (3)$$

$$\pi\sqrt{2} = \frac{128}{25} \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \left(1 + \frac{1}{8n}\right)^{-2} \left(1 + \frac{5}{8n}\right)^{-2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{4n}\right)^2 \quad (4)$$

$$\pi \sqrt[3]{4} = \frac{27}{4} \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \left(1 + \frac{1}{3n}\right)^{-4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{6n}\right)^2 \quad (5)$$

$$\pi \sqrt{2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}} = \frac{25}{6} \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \left(1 + \frac{2}{5n}\right)^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{3}{5n}\right)^{-1} \quad (6)$$

$$\pi \sqrt{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}} = \frac{25}{4} \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \left(1 + \frac{1}{5n}\right)^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{4}{5n}\right)^{-1} \quad (7)$$

$$\pi \sqrt[5]{2} = \frac{200}{49} \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \left(1 + \frac{1}{5n}\right)^{-2} \left(1 + \frac{7}{10n}\right)^{-2} \left(1 + \frac{2}{5n}\right)^2 \quad (8)$$

$$\frac{\pi \sqrt[5]{4}}{5 + \sqrt{5}} = \frac{25}{32} \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \left(1 + \frac{1}{5n}\right)^{-2} \left(1 + \frac{2}{5n}\right)^{-2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{10n}\right)^2 \quad (9)$$

$$\frac{\pi \sqrt{2}(\sqrt{3}-1)}{\sqrt[4]{3}} = \frac{81}{25} \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \left(1 + \frac{5}{12n}\right)^{-2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{3n}\right)^{-2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{4n}\right)^2 \quad (10)$$

$$\frac{\pi(3-\sqrt{5})}{\sqrt[5]{2}} = \frac{25}{9} \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \left(1 + \frac{2}{5n}\right)^{-2} \left(1 + \frac{3}{10n}\right)^{-2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{5n}\right)^2 \quad (11)$$

$$\frac{\pi \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt[4]{27}(\sqrt{3}+1)} = \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \left(1 + \frac{1}{3n}\right)^{-2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{4n}\right)^{-2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{12n}\right)^2 \quad (12)$$

References

1. Abramowitz, M., and Stegun, I.A.: Handbook of Mathematical Functions with Formulas, Graphs, and Mathematical Tables. Applied Mathematical Series 55, National Bureau of Standards, Washington, DC; Repr. Dover, New York, 1965.
2. Gradshteyn, I. S., and Ryzhik, I. M.: Table of Integrals, Series and Products. 5th ed., ed. Alan Jeffrey. Academic Press, 1994.