

# Newton (~1666) , $\pi$ formulas

**Edgar Valdebenito**

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## **abstract**

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In this note we give some formulas for pi constant :

$$\pi = 3.1415926535 \dots$$

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## **Introducción**

### **1. Newton (~1666):**

$$\pi = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4} + 24 \int_0^{1/4} \sqrt{x(1-x)} \, dx \quad (1)$$

$$\pi = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4} + 2 - \frac{3}{4} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \binom{2n}{n} \frac{2^{-4n}}{(n+1)(2n+5)} \quad (2)$$

## Series alternativas para $\pi$

### 2. Serie n°1:

$$I = \int_0^{1/4} \sqrt{x(1-x)} \, dx \quad (3)$$

$$\sqrt{x(1-x)} = \frac{\sqrt{x} (1-x)}{\sqrt{1-x}} = \sqrt{x} (1-x) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \binom{2n}{n} 2^{-2n} x^n \quad (4)$$

$$\pi = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4} + \frac{3}{2} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \binom{2n}{n} \frac{2^{-4n}(6n+17)}{(2n+3)(2n+5)} \quad (5)$$

### 3. Serie n°2:

$$I = \int_0^{1/4} \sqrt{x(1-x)} \, dx \quad (6)$$

$$y = \sqrt{x(1-x)}, \quad 0 \leq x \leq \frac{1}{4} \implies x = \frac{1 - \sqrt{1 - 4y^2}}{2}, \quad 0 \leq y \leq \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \quad (7)$$

$$I = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{16} - \int_0^{\sqrt{3}/4} \frac{1 - \sqrt{1 - 4y^2}}{2} \, dy, \quad v = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \quad (8)$$

$$\sqrt{1 - 4y^2} = (1 - 4y^2) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \binom{2n}{n} y^{2n} \quad (9)$$

$$\pi = -\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4} + \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \binom{2n}{n} \left(\frac{3}{16}\right)^n \frac{(2n+9)}{(2n+1)(2n+3)} \quad (10)$$

### 4. Serie n°3:

$$I = \int_0^{1/4} \sqrt{x(1-x)} \, dx \quad (11)$$

$$y = \sqrt{x(1-x)}, \quad 0 \leq x \leq \frac{1}{4} \implies x = \frac{1 - \sqrt{1 - 4y^2}}{2}, \quad 0 \leq y \leq \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \quad (12)$$

$$I = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{16} - \int_0^v \frac{1 - \sqrt{1 - 4y^2}}{2} dy, \quad v = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \quad (13)$$

$$\sqrt{1 - 4y^2} = 1 - 2 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \binom{2n}{n} \frac{y^{2n+2}}{n+1} \quad (14)$$

$$\pi = \frac{9\sqrt{3}}{4} - \frac{9\sqrt{3}}{8} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \binom{2n}{n} \left(\frac{3}{16}\right)^n \frac{1}{(n+1)(2n+3)} \quad (15)$$

## 5. Serie n°4:

$$I = \int_0^{1/4} \sqrt{x(1-x)} dx \quad (16)$$

$$\sqrt{x(1-x)} = \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{3}{4}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1-4x}{3}} \quad (17)$$

$$\pi = \frac{7\sqrt{3}}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \binom{2n}{n} \frac{(-1)^n 12^{-n}}{(n+1)} \sum_{k=0}^{n+1} \binom{n+1}{k} \frac{(-1)^k}{2k+3} \quad (18)$$

## 6. Serie n°5:

$$\sum_{k=0}^{n+1} \binom{n+1}{k} \frac{(-1)^k}{2k+3} = \frac{(n+1)!}{4(1/2)_{n+3}} \quad (19)$$

$$(1/2)_n = \binom{2n}{n} n! 2^{-2n} \quad (20)$$

Combinando (18), (19), (20), se tiene :

$$\pi = \frac{7\sqrt{3}}{4} + \sqrt{3} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n 3^{-n}}{(2n+1)(2n+3)(2n+5)} \quad (21)$$

## 7. Serie n°6:

$$I = \int_0^{1/4} \sqrt{x(1-x)} dx \quad (22)$$

$$\sqrt{x(1-x)} = \frac{\sqrt{x}(1-x)}{\sqrt{1-x}} = \frac{\sqrt{x}(1-x)}{\sqrt{\frac{3}{4}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1-4x}{3}}} \quad (23)$$

$$\pi = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4} + \sqrt{3} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \binom{2n}{n} (-1)^n 12^{-n} \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} \frac{(-1)^k (6k+17)}{(2k+3)(2k+5)} \quad (24)$$

## 8. Serie n°7:

$$\sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} \frac{(-1)^k (6k+17)}{(2k+3)(2k+5)} = \frac{(8n+17)n!}{8(1/2)_{n+3}} \quad (25)$$

$$(1/2)_n = \binom{2n}{n} n! 2^{-2n} \quad (26)$$

Combinando (24), (25), (26), se tiene :

$$\pi = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4} + \sqrt{3} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n 3^{-n} (8n+17)}{(2n+1)(2n+3)(2n+5)} \quad (27)$$

## 9. Serie n°8:

$$4 \binom{2n}{n} - \binom{2n+2}{n+1} = \binom{2n}{n} \frac{2}{n+1} \quad (28)$$

Combinando (2), (28), se tiene :

$$\pi = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4} + 2 - \frac{3}{8} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left( 4 \left( \binom{2n}{n} - \binom{2n+2}{n+1} \right) \right) \frac{2^{-4n}}{(2n+5)} \quad (29)$$

## 10. Serie n°9:

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \binom{2n}{n} 2^{-4n} \quad (30)$$

Combinando (2), (30), se tiene :

$$\pi = 2 + \frac{3}{8} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \binom{2n}{n} \frac{2^{-4n}(6n^2 + 21n + 13)}{(n+1)(2n+5)} \quad (31)$$

## 11. Serie n°10:

$$\sqrt{3} = 2 - \frac{1}{4} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \binom{2n}{n} \frac{2^{-4n}}{n+1} \quad (32)$$

Combinando (2), (32), se tiene :

$$\pi = \frac{7}{2} - \frac{3}{16} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \binom{2n}{n} \frac{2^{-4n}(2n+9)}{(n+1)(2n+5)} \quad (33)$$

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