

Pi Formulas , Part 24

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abstract

In this note we show some formulas related with the constant Pi

Número π , Integral de Función Racional Cuártica

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(2000)

Resumen. Se muestra una fórmula que involucra el número π .

1 Introducción

Recordamos un clásico resultado:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{(x-(A+Bi))(x-(A-Bi))(x-(C+Di))(x-(C-Di))} = \frac{\pi(B+D)}{BD((A-C)^2 + (B+D)^2)}$$

$$A, B, C, D \in \mathbb{R}, B > 0, D > 0$$

2 Fórmula

Sean $A, B, C, D \in \mathbb{R}, B > 0, D > 0$; Sean a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4 , definidos como sigue:

$$\begin{aligned} a_0 &= (A^2 + B^2)(C^2 + D^2) \\ a_1 &= -2A(C^2 + D^2) - 2C(A^2 + B^2) \\ a_2 &= A^2 + B^2 + C^2 + D^2 + 4AC \\ a_3 &= -2(A + C) \\ a_4 &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

Sean $p > 0, q > 0$, tales que:

$$\left| \frac{a_1 x + a_2 x^2 + a_3 x^3 + x^4}{a_0} \right| < 1, \quad 0 < x < p$$

$$\left| \frac{-a_1 x + a_2 x^2 - a_3 x^3 + x^4}{a_0} \right| < 1, \quad 0 < x < p$$

$$\left| a_3 x + a_2 x^2 + a_1 x^3 + a_0 x^4 \right| < 1, \quad 0 < x < \frac{1}{q}$$

$$\left| -a_3 x + a_2 x^2 - a_1 x^3 + a_0 x^4 \right| < 1, \quad 0 < x < \frac{1}{q}$$

Sea R definido por:

$$R = \frac{B+D}{BD \left((A-C)^2 + (B+D)^2 \right)}$$

Sea $I(a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, s, m)$ la función definida por:

$$I(a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, s, m) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{a_0^{n+1}} \sum_{k_1=0}^n \sum_{k_2=0}^{k_1} \sum_{k_3=0}^{k_2} T \left(\begin{matrix} n, k_1, k_2, k_3 \\ a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, s, m \end{matrix} \right)$$

donde

$$T = \binom{n}{k_1} \binom{k_1}{k_2} \binom{k_2}{k_3} a_1^{n-k_1} a_2^{k_1-k_2} a_3^{k_2-k_3} a_4^{k_3} \frac{s^{n+k_1+k_2+k_3+m+1}}{n+k_1+k_2+k_3+m+1}$$

con $s > 0, m > 0$.

Se tiene:

$$\begin{aligned} \pi R = & I(a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, 1, p, 0) + I\left(1, a_3, a_2, a_1, a_0, \frac{1}{q}, 2\right) + \\ & + I(a_0, -a_1, a_2, -a_3, 1, p, 0) + I\left(1, -a_3, a_2, -a_1, a_0, \frac{1}{q}, 2\right) + \\ & + \int_p^q \frac{dx}{a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 + a_3x^3 + x^4} + \int_p^q \frac{dx}{a_0 - a_1x + a_2x^2 - a_3x^3 + x^4} \end{aligned}$$

3 Referencias

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