

Primes obtained concatenating a prime p to the left with 3 and to the right with a square of prime q^2

Abstract. In this paper I make the following conjecture: for any prime p of the form $6k + 1$ there exist an infinity of primes n obtained concatenating p to the left with 3 and to the right with a square of prime q^2 (examples: for $p = 13$, the numbers $n = 313289, 313961, 3131369$ - obtained for $q = 17, 31, 37$ - are primes).

Conjecture:

For any prime p of the form $6k + 1$ there exist an infinity of primes n obtained concatenating p to the left with 3 and to the right with a square of prime q^2 (examples: for $p = 13$, the numbers $n = 313289, 313961, 3131369$ - obtained for $q = 17, 31, 37$ - are primes).

The sequence of squares of primes (A001248 in OEIS):

: 4, 9, 25, 49, 121, 169, 289, 361, 529, 841, 961, 1369, 1681, 1849, 2209, 2809, 3481, 3721, 4489, 5041, 5329, 6241, 6889, 7921, 9409, 10201, 10609, 11449, 11881, 12769, 16129, 17161, 18769, 19321, 22201, 22801, 24649, 26569, 27889, 29929, 32041, 32761, 36481, 37249, 38809, 39601 (...)

The sequence of primes n for $p = 7$ (up to $q = 149$):

: $n = 37361$ for $q = 19$;
: $n = 37529$ for $q = 23$;
: $n = 372809$ for $q = 53$;
: $n = 373721$ for $q = 61$;
: $n = 376241$ for $q = 79$;
: $n = 376889$ for $q = 83$;
: $n = 3711881$ for $q = 109$;
: $n = 3712769$ for $q = 113$;
: $n = 3719321$ for $q = 139$.

The sequence of primes n for $p = 13$ (up to $q = 149$):

: $n = 313289$ for $q = 17$;
: $n = 313961$ for $q = 31$;
: $n = 3131369$ for $q = 37$;
: $n = 3133721$ for $q = 61$;
: $n = 3135329$ for $q = 73$;
: $n = 31311881$ for $q = 109$;
: $n = 31312769$ for $q = 113$;
: $n = 31322201$ for $q = 149$.

The sequence of primes n for $p = 19$ (up to $q = 149$):

```
:   n = 319169      for q = 13;  
:   n = 319289      for q = 17;  
:   n = 3191681     for q = 19;  
:   n = 3191849     for q = 43;  
:   n = 3192809     for q = 53;  
:   n = 31910201    for q = 101;  
:   n = 31910609    for q = 103;  
:   n = 31911881    for q = 109;  
:   n = 31917161    for q = 131;  
:   n = 31922201    for q = 149.
```

The sequence of primes n for $p = 31$ (up to $q = 149$):

```
:   n = 33149       for q = 7;  
:   n = 331841      for q = 29;  
:   n = 3311849     for q = 43;  
:   n = 3312209     for q = 47;  
:   n = 3313481     for q = 59;  
:   n = 3315041     for q = 31;  
:   n = 33116129    for q = 127.
```

The sequence of primes n for $p = 991$ (up to $q = 149$):

```
:   n = 399149      for q = 7;  
:   n = 3991289     for q = 17;  
:   n = 3991961     for q = 31;  
:   n = 39911681    for q = 41;  
:   n = 39913721    for q = 61;  
:   n = 39916241    for q = 79;  
:   n = 39919409    for q = 97.
```

The sequence of primes n for $p = 997$ (up to $q = 149$):

```
:   n = 3997361     for q = 19;  
:   n = 39972209    for q = 47;  
:   n = 39973721    for q = 61;  
:   n = 39974489    for q = 67;  
:   n = 399710609   for q = 103;  
:   n = 399711881   for q = 109;  
:   n = 399718769   for q = 137.
```

The sequence of primes n for $p = 104701$ (up to $q = 149$):

```
:   n = 3104701361  for q = 19;  
:   n = 310470111449 for q = 107;  
:   n = 310470118769 for q = 137;  
:   n = 310470119321 for q = 139.
```

The sequence of primes n for $p = 104707$ (up to $q = 149$):

: $n = 3104707121$ for $q = 7$;
: $n = 31047074489$ for $q = 67$;
: $n = 31047077921$ for $q = 89$.