

Two conjectures involving the numbers obtained concatenating repeatedly odd multiples of 3 with 111

Abstract. In this paper I make the following two conjectures: (I) there exist an infinity of primes obtained concatenating, once or repeatedly, an odd multiple n of 3 with 111, then raising the number obtained to the power 2, adding to it n and subtracting 1 (Examples: $3111^2 + 3 - 1 = 9678323$, prime; $27111111^2 + 27 - 1 = 735012339654347$, prime); (II) there exist an infinity of semiprimes obtained concatenating, once or repeatedly, an odd multiple n of 3 with 111, then raising the number obtained to the power 2, adding to it n and subtracting 1.

Conjecture 1:

There exist an infinity of primes p obtained concatenating, once or repeatedly, an odd multiple n of 3 with 111, then raising the number obtained to the power 2, adding to it n and subtracting 1.

Examples:

- : $p = 3111^2 + 3 - 1 = 9678323$, prime;
- : $p = 27111111^2 + 27 - 1 = 735012339654347$, prime.

The sequence of primes p when n is concatenated with 111:

- : $p = 3111^2 + 3 - 1 = 9678323$, for $n = 3$;
- : $p = 27111^2 + 27 - 1 = 9678323$, for $n = 9$;
- : $p = 51111^2 + 27 - 1 = 2612334371$, for $n = 51$;
- : $p = 57111^2 + 57 - 1 = 3261666377$, for $n = 57$;
- : $p = 87111^2 + 87 - 1 = 7588326407$, for $n = 87$;
- : $p = 129111^2 + 129 - 1 = 16669650449$, for $n = 129$;
- (...)

The sequence of primes p when n is concatenated with 111111:

- : $p = 9111111^2 + 9 - 1 = 83012343654329$, for $n = 9$;
- : $p = 21111111^2 + 21 - 1 = 445679007654341$, for $n = 21$;
- : $p = 27111111^2 + 27 - 1 = 735012339654347$, for $n = 27$;
- : $p = 81111111^2 + 81 - 1 = 6579012327654401$, for $n = 81$;
- : $p = 87111111^2 + 87 - 1 = 7588345659654407$, for $n = 87$;
- (...)

The sequence of primes p when n is concatenated with 111111111:

$$\begin{aligned} &: p = 931111111111^2 + 93 - 1 = 329928072999695115409, \\ &\text{for } n = 93; \\ &(\dots) \end{aligned}$$

The sequence of primes p when n is concatenated with 111111111111:

$$\begin{aligned} &: p = 91111111111111^2 + 9 - 1 = 83012345679010320987654329, \text{ for } n = 9; \\ &: p = 271111111111111^2 + 27 - 1 = 735012345679006320987654347, \text{ for } n = 27; \\ &: p = 571111111111111^2 + 57 - 1 = 3261679012345666320987654377, \text{ for } n = 57; \\ &(\dots) \end{aligned}$$

The sequence of primes p when n is concatenated with 111111111111111:

$$\begin{aligned} &: p = 5111111111111111^2 + 51 - 1 = 2612345679012345667654320987654371, \text{ for } n = 51; \\ &(\dots) \end{aligned}$$

Conjecture 2:

There exist an infinity of primes p obtained concatenating, once or repeatedly, an odd multiple n of 3 with 111, then raising the number obtained to the power 2, adding to it n and subtracting 1.

The sequence of semiprimes p when n is concatenated with 111:

$$\begin{aligned} &: p = 9111^2 + 9 - 1 = 83010329 = 2003 \cdot 41443, \text{ for } n = 9; \\ &: p = 39111^2 + 39 - 1 = 1529670359 = 7 \cdot 218524337, \text{ for } n = 39; \\ &: p = 69111^2 + 69 - 1 = 4776330389 = 71 \cdot 67272259, \text{ for } n = 69; \\ &: p = 81111^2 + 81 - 1 = 6578994401 = 7 \cdot 939856343, \text{ for } n = 81; \\ &: p = 93111^2 + 93 - 1 = 8669658413 = 13 \cdot 666896801, \text{ for } n = 93; \\ &: p = 141111^2 + 141 - 1 = 19912314461 = 141 \cdot 1531716497, \text{ for } n = 141; \\ &(\dots) \end{aligned}$$

The sequence of semiprimes p when n is concatenated with 111111:

: $p = 151111111^2 + 15 - 1 = 228345675654335 = 5 * 45669135130867$, for $n = 5$;
 : $p = 751111111^2 + 75 - 1 = 5641678995654395 = 5 * 1128335799130879$, for $n = 75$;
 : $p = 931111111^2 + 93 - 1 = 8669678991654413 = 151 * 57415092659963$, for $n = 93$;
 : $p = 991111111^2 + 99 - 1 = 9823012323654419 = 212633 * 46197026443$, for $n = 99$;
 (...)

The sequence of semiprimes p when n is concatenated with 111111111:

: $p = 3111111111^2 + 3 - 1 = 9679012344987654323 = 40889963 * 236708757721$, for $n = 3$;
 : $p = 9111111111^2 + 9 - 1 = 83012345676987654329 = 601 * 138123703289496929$, for $n = 9$;
 : $p = 51111111111^2 + 51 - 1 = 2612345679000987654371 = 20641 * 126561003778934531$, for $n = 51$;
 : $p = 69111111111^2 + 69 - 1 = 4776345678996987654389 = 4013 * 126561003778934531$, for $n = 69$;
 : $p = 87111111111^2 + 87 - 1 = 7588345678992987654407 = 23 * 329928072999695115409$, for $n = 87$;
 : $p = 111111111111^2 + 111 - 1 = 12345679012320987654431 = 11 * 1122334455665544332221$, for $n = 111$;
 : $p = 117111111111^2 + 117 - 1 = 13715012345652987654437 = 38593 * 355375647025444709$, for $n = 117$;
 : $p = 135111111111^2 + 135 - 1 = 18255012345648987654455 = 5 * 3651002469129797530891$, for $n = 135$;
 (...)

The sequence of semiprimes p when n is concatenated with 111111111111:

: $p = 63111111111111^2 + 63 - 1 = 3983012345678998320987654383 = 484181 * 8226287990811284046643$, for $n = 63$;
 : $p = 93111111111111^2 + 93 - 1 = 8669679012345658320987654413 = 6029 * 1437996187153036709402497$, for $n = 93$;
 (...)

The sequence of semiprimes p when n is concatenated with 111111111111111:

$$\begin{aligned}
& : \quad p = 911111111111111111^2 + 9 - 1 = \\
& \quad 83012345679012343654320987654329 = \\
& \quad 61051*1359721309708478872652716379, \text{ for } n = 9; \\
& \quad (\dots)
\end{aligned}$$

The sequence of semiprimes p when n is concatenated with 1111111111111111:

$$\begin{aligned}
& : \quad p = 911111111111111111^2 + 9 - 1 = \\
& \quad 9679012345679012344987654320987654323 = \\
& \quad 11*879910213243546576817059483726150393, \text{ for } n = 9; \\
& : \quad p = 271111111111111111^2 + 27 - 1 = \\
& \quad 735012345679012345672987654320987654347 = \\
& \quad 754109*974676533072821496193504724543783, \text{ for } n = \\
& \quad 27; \\
& : \quad p = 571111111111111111^2 + 57 - 1 = \\
& \quad 3261679012345679012332987654320987654377 = \\
& \quad 18843063578219*173097065602214822339973883, \text{ for } n = \\
& \quad 63; \\
& \quad (\dots)
\end{aligned}$$

The sequence of semiprimes p when n is concatenated with 1111111111111111:

$$\begin{aligned}
& : \quad p = 311111111111111111^2 + 3 - 1 = \\
& \quad 9679012345679012345678320987654320987654323 = 313* \\
& \quad 30923362126770007494179939257681536701771, \text{ for } n = \\
& \quad 3; \\
& \quad (\dots)
\end{aligned}$$