

Formula based on squares of primes which conducts to primes, c-primes and m-primes

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Abstract. In my previous paper "Conjecture that states that any Carmichael number is a cm-composite" I defined the notions of c-prime, m-prime and cm-prime, odd positive integers that can be either primes either semiprimes having certain properties, and also the notions of c-composites, m-composites and cm-composites. In this paper I present a formula based on squares of primes which seems to lead often to primes, c-primes, m-primes and cm-primes.

Observation:

Many terms (beside the first) of the sequence obtained through the iterative formula $a(n + 1) = 2*a(n) - 1$, where $a(1)$ is a square of prime minus nine, are primes, c-primes, m-primes or a cm-primes.

Verifying the observation:

(for the first 14 terms of the sequence, beside $a(1)$, when the prime is 5, 7 or 11)

For $a(1) = 5^2 - 9 = 16$ we obtain the following terms:

- : $a(2) = 31$, a prime;
- : $a(3) = 61$, a prime;
- : $a(4) = 121 = 11^2$, a cm-prime (c-prime because is square of prime and $p - p + 1 = 1$, a c-prime by definition, and m-prime because $11 + 11 - 1 = 2 = 3*7$ and $7 + 3 - 1 = 9$ and $3 + 3 - 1 = 5$, a prime);
- : $a(5) = 241$, a prime;
- : $a(6) = 481 = 13*37$, a cm-prime (c-prime because $37 - 13 + 1 = 25 = 5^2$ and m-prime because $37 + 13 - 1 = 49 = 7*7$ and $7 + 7 - 1 = 13$, a prime);
- : $a(7) = 961 = 31^2$, a cm-prime (c-prime because is a square of prime and m-prime because $31 + 31 - 1 = 61$, a prime);
- : $a(8) = 1921 = 17*113$, a c-prime because $113 - 17 + 1 = 97$, a prime;
- : $a(9) = 3841 = 23*167$, a c-prime because $167 - 23 = 145 = 5*29$ and $29 - 5 + 1 = 25$, a square;
- : $a(10) = 7681$, a prime;
- : $a(11) = 15361$, a prime;
- : $a(12) = 30721 = 31*991$, a cm-prime (c-prime because $991 - 31 = 961 = 31^2$, a square and m-prime because $31 + 991 - 1 = 1021$, a prime);

: a(13) = 61441, a prime;
 : a(14) = 122881 = 11*11171, a c-prime because 11171 - 11 + 1 = 11161, a prime;

For $a(1) = 7^2 - 9 = 40$ we obtain the following terms:

: a(2) = 79, a prime;
 : a(3) = 157, a prime;
 : a(4) = 313, a prime;
 : a(5) = 625 = 5^4 , a mc-composite (c-composite because $5*5 - 5*5 + 1 = 1$, a c-prime by definition, and m-composite because $5*5 + 5*5 - 1 = 49 = 7*7$, a m-prime because $7 - 7 + 1 = 1$);
 : a(6) = 1249, a prime;
 : a(7) = 2497 = 11*227, a c-prime because $227 - 11 + 1 = 217 = 7*31$ and $31 - 7 + 1 = 25 = 5*5$ and $5 - 5 + 1 = 1$;
 : a(8) = 4993, a prime;
 : a(9) = 9985 = 5*1997, a c-prime because $1997 - 5 + 1 = 1993$, a prime;
 : a(10) = 19969 = 19*1051, a cm-prime (c-prime because $1051 - 19 + 1 = 1033$, a prime, and m-prime because $19 + 1051 - 1 = 1069$, a prime);
 : a(11) = 39937, a prime;
 : a(12) = 79873, a prime;
 : a(13) = 159745 = 5*43*743, a c-composite because $5*743 - 43 + 1 = 3673$, a prime;
 : a(14) = 319489, a prime;
 : a(15) = 638977, a prime;
 : a(16) = 1277953 = 101*12653, a c-prime because $12653 - 101 + 1 = 12553$, a prime.

For $a(1) = 11^2 - 9 = 112$ we obtain the following terms:

: a(2) = 223, a prime;
 : a(3) = 445 = 5*89, a cm-prime (a c-prime because $89 - 5 + 1 = 85 = 5*17$ and $17 - 5 + 1 = 13$, a prime and m-prime because $89 + 5 - 1 = 93 = 3*31$ and $3 + 31 - 1 = 33 = 3*11$ and $3 + 11 - 1 = 13$, a prime);
 : a(4) = 889 = 7*127, a cm-prime (c-prime because $127 - 7 + 1 = 11^2$, a square and m-prime because $7 + 127 = 133$, a prime);
 : a(5) = 1777, a prime;
 : a(6) = 3553 = 11*17*19, a c-composite because $11*17 - 19 + 1 = 169 = 13^2$, a square;
 : a(7) = 7105 = $5*7^2*29$, a cm-composite (c-composite because $5*29 - 7*7 + 1 = 97$, a prime and m-composite because $5*29 + 7*7 - 1 = 193$, a prime);
 : a(8) = 14209 = 13*1093, a c-prime because $1093 - 13 + 1 = 1081 = 23*47$ and $47 - 23 + 1 = 25 = 5^2$, a square;
 : a(9) = 28417 = 157*181, a cm-prime (c-prime because $181 - 157 + 1 = 25 = 5^2$, a square and m-prime because $157 + 181 - 1 = 337$, a prime);

: $a(10) = 56833 = 7 \cdot 23 \cdot 353$, a c-prime because $353 - 7 \cdot 23 = 193$, a prime;
 : $a(11) = 113665 = 5 \cdot 127 \cdot 179$, a cm-prime (c-prime because $5 \cdot 179 - 127 + 1 = 769$, a prime and m-prime because $5 \cdot 179 + 127 - 1 = 1021$, a prime);
 : $a(12) = 227329 = 281 \cdot 809$, a c-prime because $809 - 281 + 1 = 529 = 23^2$, a square;
 : $a(13) = 454657 = 7 \cdot 64951$, a c-composite because $64951 - 7 + 1 = 64945 = 5 \cdot 31 \cdot 419$ and $419 - 5 \cdot 31 + 1 = 265 = 5 \cdot 53$ and $53 - 5 + 1 = 47$, a prime;
 : $a(14) = 909313 = 17 \cdot 89 \cdot 601$, a cm-composite (c-composite because $17 \cdot 89 - 601 + 1 = 913 = 11 \cdot 83$ and $83 - 11 + 1 = 73$, a prime and m-composite because $17 \cdot 89 + 601 - 1 = 2113$, a prime);
 : $a(15) = 1818625 = 5^3 \cdot 14549$ is a c-composite because $5^2 \cdot 14549 - 5 + 1 = 557 \cdot 653$ and $653 - 557 + 1 = 97$, a prime.