

Multiple Issues with M87 Quasar (New Galaxy)

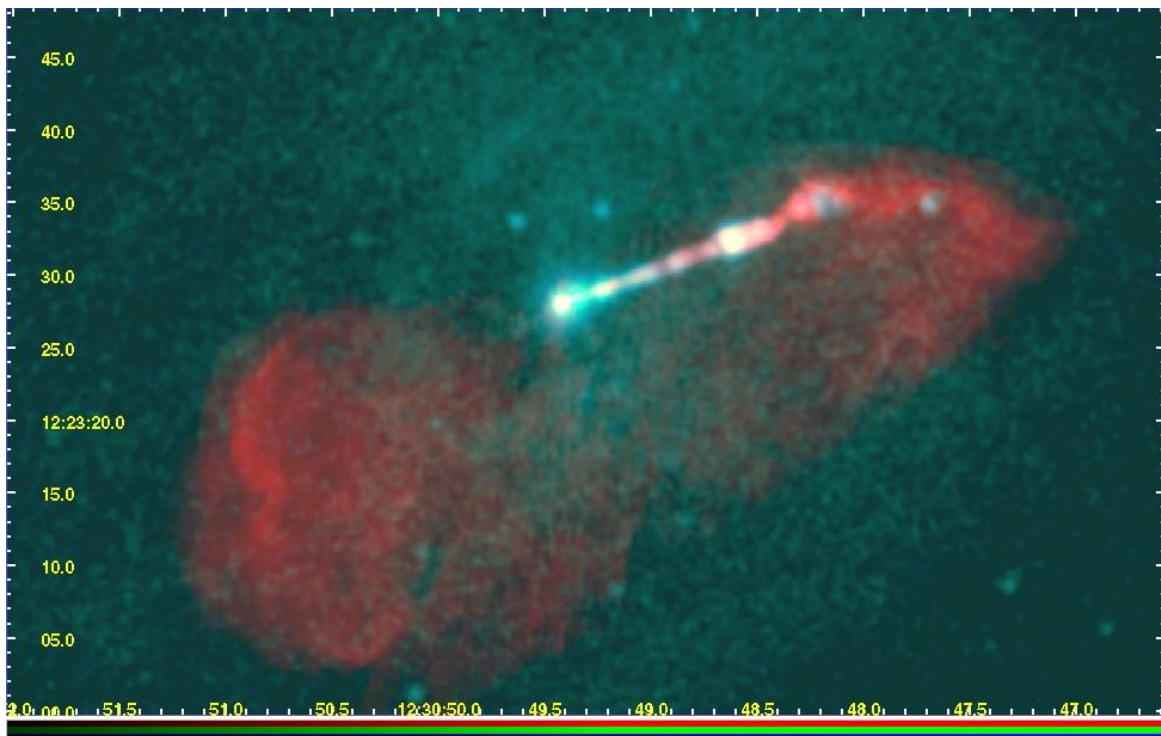
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Abstract: It is hypothesized that M87 quasar (elliptical galaxy) is not only a new galaxy which is creating elemental patterns, but is much closer than scientific dogma holds to be true.

The Quasar M87 is currently forming elemental patterns on massive scales as it rotates and spews the material needed for creating the clouds necessary for star formation:



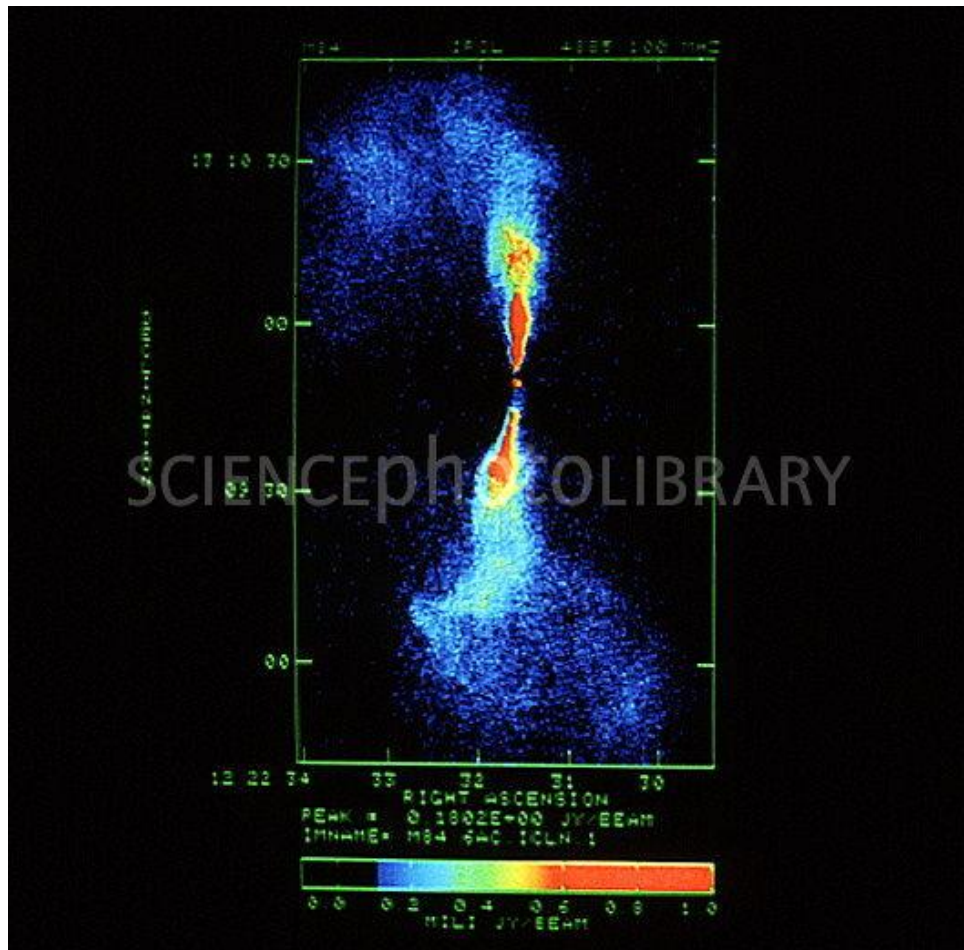
M87 Quasar is probably vastly closer than 50+ Mly because it contains jets of material that are measured to be travelling at 6 times the speed of light given its hypothesized distance. To correct the light speed issue it has become obvious that methods used to determine the distance of new galaxies is fallacious. There could be many reasons for why distance determination being wrong including the misinterpretation for the cause of redshift and many others. M87, all quasars and young elliptical galaxies are simply much closer, younger and smaller than dogma holds to be true.

Quasars are more than likely the source of elemental patterns such as hydrogen and many others, meaning big bang and all hypothesis rooted in big bang can be ignored as is all other early 20th century religious dogma. When quasars stabilize by growing and forming structure seen in spiral galaxies and barred spirals they will be full of matured stars similar to the Earth

and Neptune. The best analogy for a quasar is an acorn that grows into a giant oak tree, in this case the quasar is the acorn and the giant spiral galaxy is the oak tree.

Elliptical galaxies do not contain much “dust” because the stars are young. It will take some time to create old stars such as Earth and Venus which will eventually smash into other older stars.

An additional showing of a new elliptical galaxy creating arms: this is M84, a new galaxy.



We cannot create comprehensive theory of universe if we substitute observation and insight with fantasy and math.